Page 1 of 17

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA NORTHERN DIVISION

L. JOE PITTS, as Administrator of the Estate of SANDRA ANN SPENCER PITTS, Deceased,)))
PLAINTIFF,) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER:
VS.) 2:06cv1008-ID-SRW
BRIDGESTONE AMERICAS HOLDINGS, INC.; BRIDGESTONE FIRESTONE)))
NORTH AMERICAN TIRE, LLC; and BFS RETAIL &)))
COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS, LLC, doing business as))
FIRESTONE TIRE & SERVICE CENTERS, jointly and severally,))
DEFENDANTS.	

PLAINTIFF'S BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOTION TO COMPEL PRODUCTION OF TESTIMONY AND MATERIALS CONCERNING OTHER NEGLIGENT TIRE PUNCTURE REPAIRS PERFORMED BY THE DEFENDANT BFS RETAIL & COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS, LLC

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

On June 19, 2006 Sandra Pitts was riding as a passenger in her vehicle on the way to her oldest son's college orientation at South Alabama. Her older son Joe was driving and her younger son Greg was in the back seat. As they were passing through Butler County on I-65 at approximately 10:50am Sandra's vehicle

suffered a tread separation of its left rear tire. This caused the vehicle to roll over causing Sandra's partial ejection and death. Plaintiff Joe Pitts has brought claims for his wife's wrongful death against the defendants for their negligent repair of Sandra's tire which caused the tread separation and her death.

On February 26, 2005 the defendant BFS Retail & Commercial Operations, LLC ("BFRC") performed a repair of a puncture in Sandra Pitts's left rear tire at its Madison Avenue store in Montgomery. BFRC's invoice for this repair is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. The invoice identifies a "PATCH-PLUG" repair as having been done on Sandra's car on that date. Although she was charged for and paid for this "PATCH-PLUG" repair, Sandra's left rear tire was actually repaired using a "string" or "plug" insert only. Testimony and documents produced by the defendants definitively prove that this "string only" or "plug only" repair is improper and below the standard of care in the tire repair industry. The only proper repair is one which uses both a plug and inside patch, which is exactly what Sandra was charged and paid for. Defendants' own documents prove this definitively:

BFRC TIRE RESOURCE MANUAL (BFS 544-BFS 551) (attached hereto as Exhibit B)

• Repairs of all tires (radial and non-radial) must be of the plug and inside patch type. Using plugs alone on any type of tire is not a safe repair. (BFS 548, emphasis in original).

• ... Using plugs alone on any type of tire is not a safe repair. Therefore, repairs of all tires (radial and non-radial) should be of the plug and inside patch type. (BFS 549, emphasis in original).

Similarly, the deposition testimony of BFRC's FRCP 30(b)(6) representative William N. Sheridan, Jr. establishes that this policy is, and has long been, the industry standard as well as BFRC's official policy regarding tire puncture repair:

APRIL 20, 2007, DEPOSITION OF WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR. (attached hereto as Exhibit C)

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Okay. And it is my understanding that it is BFRC's position that it is never appropriate to use a string plug repair by itself on a tire.

A That is correct.

(Sheridan Deposition, Pgs. 74-75)

Q Okay. Has there ever – You've been at Firestone for some time. You've been at BFRC for some time. Has there ever been any other policy with respect to tire puncture repair while you've been there?

A No.

Q In your entire time in the industry, has that been the standard, that a repair which both fills a puncture and seals the inner liner be used?

A The tire manufacturers have always said that you should fill it that way.

Q Okay. Do you agree that, in 2005, that was the industry standard for tire puncture repair?

A Yes.

(Sheridan deposition, Pg. 77)

The importance of following this standard is made clear by the same materials and testimony. As can be seen from the following excerpts, these defendants know that the consequences of doing a "plug-only" or "string-only" repair can be catastrophic.

APRIL 20, 2007, DEPOSITION OF WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR. (attached hereto as Exhibit C)

- Q This is marked as Plaintiff's 6. Do you recognize the document I've marked as Plaintiff's 6 and handed you?
- A Yes, I do.
- Q What is that?
- A That's our Tire Resource Manual.
- Q And how is this used at BFRC?
- A This is used, you know, by store teammates, to help identify, you know, some of the procedures on tires and products that we sell.
- Q And you keep using the term teammates. That's basically employees?
- A Employees. Correct.
- Q BFRC parlance for employees?
- A Correct.
- Q Okay, I want to direct your attention to Page Its Page 61 on this, and it's BRC 547. Right there under *Tire Repairs*, it states,

Driving on an improperly repaired tire is dangerous. An improper repair can cause further damage to the tire. It may suddenly fail, causing serious personal injury or death.

Did I read that correctly?

A Correct.

Q And is that knowledge held by BFRC in 2005, when the repairs we've been talking about here today were done?

A Correct.

Q In fact, have you known that the entire time you been with BFRC?

A Yes.

(Sheridan deposition, Pgs. 78-79)

The defendants cannot and do not dispute that plug-only tire repairs fall below the applicable standard of care and carry a known risk of death.

As the court knows in an action brought under the Alabama Wrongful Death Statute (Ala. Code Section 6-5-410) the sole measure of damages is punitive. This is of critical importance when undertaking a determination of what discovery the parties are entitled to in this case. FRCP Rule 26(b)(1) states clearly that:

... parties may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, that is <u>relevant to the claim or defense of any party</u>, . . . for good cause, the court may order discovery of any matter relevant to the subject matter involved in the action.

(FRCP Rule 26(b)(1), Emphasis added).

As the Alabama Pattern Jury Instructions for a Wrongful Death Claim state:

In a suit brought for a wrongful act, omission, or negligence causing death the damages recoverable are punitive and not compensatory.

Damages in this type of action are entirely punitive, imposed for the preservation of human life and as a deterrent to others to prevent similar wrongs. The amount of damages should be directly related to the amount of wrongdoing on the part of the defendant(s). In assessing damages you are not to consider the (pecuniary) (monetary) value of the life of the decedent, for damages in this type of action are not recoverable to compensate the family of the deceased from a (pecuniary) (monetary) standpoint on account of (his) (her) death, nor to compensate the plaintiff for any financial or pecuniary loss sustained by (him) (her) or the family of the deceased on account of (his) (her) death.

Your verdict should not be based on sympathy, prejudice, passion or bias, but should be <u>directly related to the culpability of the defendant(s)</u> and necessity of preventing similar wrongs in the <u>future</u>.

(APJI 11.18, emphasis added).

The evidence which is the subject of this Motion to Compel goes directly to the defendants' knowledge and notice of other substandard tire repairs being conducted at their stores. The existence of this knowledge and what, if anything, defendants did as a result thereof is direct evidence of the "Amount of wrongdoing on the part of the defendants," the "culpability of the defendants," and what amount of damages are necessary to prevent "similar wrongs in the future." (APJI 11.18). Given that the sole measure of damages in this case is the wrongdoing of the defendant and the necessity of preventing the death of others similarly situated to Sandra Pitts, plaintiff has a right to discovery of any and all information which may have provided notice to BFRC that its stores were performing "plug-only" or

"string-only" repairs and that therefore their institutional controls were inadequate.

The defendants cannot reasonably dispute that under the applicable law the plaintiff is entitled to this discovery.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

1. Evidence of other negligent tire repairs and defendants notice thereof is directly relevant to plaintiff's claims.

Evidence that the defendants had notice of other negligent tire repairs at BFRC's stores is unquestionably relevant to plaintiff's Alabama Wrongful Death claim for the defendants' negligence in repairing Sandra Pitts's tire. Relevant evidence is defined by FRCP Rule 401 as "evidence having any tendency to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the determination of the action more probable or less probable than it would be without the evidence." The question of whether evidence is relevant cannot be decided without considering the substantive law on which the claims and defenses of the parties are based. As excerpts from the Alabama Pattern Jury Instructions above state, damages in an Alabama wrongful death case are directly related to the culpability of the defendants and the necessity of preventing similar wrongs in the future. Clearly, evidence of whether the defendants had notice of other incidents wherein their facilities were negligently repairing tires and their efforts or lack thereof in addressing that known hazard is relevant to the defendant's culpability and the damages required to deter future conduct and protect human life.

The Supreme Court of Alabama has explicitly ruled that similar evidence is relevant and admissible with respect to a wantonness claim brought pursuant to Alabama substantive law. In <u>Harco Drugs, Inc. v. Holloway</u>, 669 So. 2d 878 (Ala. 1995) plaintiff brought claims for personal injury caused by the defendant pharmacy chain's negligence and wantonness in improperly filling her prescription. The <u>Harco</u> plaintiff introduced evidence of other improperly filled prescriptions by the defendant's pharmacies and the defendant company's notice thereof. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff on her wantonness count. On appeal the defendant challenged the trial court's decision to allow this evidence. The Supreme Court of Alabama affirmed stating that:

As to the second issue, we note that the jury was also informed of 233 incident reports that had been prepared by Harco employees during the three years preceding the incident involving Ms. Holloway. Those reports dealt in some way or another with customer complaints of errors on the part of Harco employees in filling prescriptions, and the vast majority of them indicated that Harco employees had committed errors in filling prescriptions. This evidence, in addition to the evidence of complaints filed with the State Board of Pharmacy and the evidence of lawsuits filed alleging that Harco employees had misfiled prescriptions, was relevant to show Harco's knowledge of problems within its pharmacies and, thus, was admissible in connection with the wantonness claim, predicated upon Harco's having failed to initiate sufficient institutional controls over the manner in which prescriptions were filled. (Id. at 881 emphasis added).

This evidence which the Alabama Supreme Court deemed admissible because of its relevance to the <u>Harco</u> plaintiff's wantonness claim under Alabama

Wrongful Death Act (punitive damages only) is involved and the sole measure of damages is the culpability of the defendants and the necessity of preventing similar wrongs. As in <u>Harco</u> evidence concerning the existence and effectiveness of the defendants' "institutional controls" is of direct relevance and is clearly admissible let alone discoverable.

2. Plaintiff is unquestionably entitled to the *discovery* of information concerning other negligent tire repairs performed by the defendants.

As FRCP Rule 26(b)(1) states, "relevant information need not be admissible at the trial if discovery appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence." In the commentary to the 2000 amendment of Rule 26(b)(1) it states that "a variety of types of information not directly pertinent to the incident in suit could be relevant to the claims or defenses raised in a given action. For example, other incidences of the same type, or involving the same product, could be properly discoverable under the revised standard." (Emphasis added).

The Eleventh Circuit has held explicitly that these other incidents are discoverable and that the failure to allow plaintiff's access to the same is an abuse of the trial court's discretion. In Weeks v. Remington Arms Company, 733 F.2d 1485 (11th Cir. 1984) plaintiff appealed the trial court's refusal to order the defendants produce discovery of other similar accidents involving the rifle at issue

in that case. The trial court in Weeks ordered an in camera production but refused plaintiff's access to materials concerning other similar accidents. (Id. at 1491).

In deciding the case the Eleventh Circuit made clear the general rule as to the admissibility of similar acts in evidence:

In this appeal, Remington does not seriously dispute the admissibility of its records concerning other failures of its safety mechanism; nor could it. The relevancy of similar accident evidence has been firmly established in this circuit:

Evidence of similar accidents might be relevant to the defendant's <u>notice</u>, magnitude of the danger involved, the defendant's ability to correct a known defect, the lack of safety for intended uses, strength of a product, the standard of care, and causation.

<u>Id.</u> at 149, citing <u>Ramos v. Liberty Mutual Insurance Co.</u>, 615 F.2d 334, 338-39 (5th Cir. 1980) (citations omitted), cert. denied, 449 U.S. 1112, 101 S. Ct. 921, 66 L. Ed. 2d 840 (1981), emphasis added).

After discussing the substantial similarity requirement, which applies to the *admissibility* not *discoverability* of evidence, the court noted that:

In this case, Weeks was allowed no opportunity to establish substantial similarity of conditions because the district court refused to grant him access to Remington's records. . . . We hold, that under these circumstances, the district court abused its discretion by refusing Weeks access to Remington's files. In any subsequent trial of this matter, Weeks is entitled to Remington's records of other similar failures by its safety mechanism.

(<u>Id</u>. at 1491-1492, *emphasis added*).

Clearly the plaintiff has a right to examine information in the defendants' possession, custody or control concerning other similar accidents which may have

provided notice to the defendants of a deadly hazard to which they were subjecting their customers.

In response to plaintiff's requests defendants argue that if, as they contend, no complaints or lawsuits concerning negligent tire repairs were ever received by the subject store at which Sandra Pitts's tires were fixed that "it is unclear how repairs made by other technicians at other stores are relevant to a repair allegedly made at the subject store and the alleged subsequent failure of the subject tire." (See May 11, 2007 correspondence from defendants' counsel attached hereto as Exhibit D.) This contention is without merit in light of the Alabama Supreme Court's holding in Harco discussed above. The defendants own over 2000 stores and have the affirmative duty to have in place adequate institutional controls, policies and procedures to protect their customers. Each store is not an island unto itself; they are all owned and controlled by BFRC and its Bridgestone/Firestone parents. BFRC should not be allowed the benefits of being a huge player in its market while disclaiming the responsibility and legal duty which that size entails.

3. Defendants reliance on <u>Philip Morris USA v. Williams</u>, 127 S. Ct. 1057 (2007) is completely misplaced as plaintiff does not intend to offer this evidence for the impermissible purposes specified in <u>Williams</u> and because <u>Williams</u> does not deal with the *discoverability* of said evidence but rather its permissible *use* by the jury.

In plaintiff's attempt to resolve this discovery dispute without seeking the court's assistance plaintiff pointed out to defendants that the claims and defenses in

this action, as provided by Alabama substantive law, necessarily control the scope of discovery. (See plaintiff's counsel's correspondence dated April 27, 2007, attached hereto as **Exhibit E**). In response defendants rejected this sound and undisputed legal principal and misapply recent United States Supreme Court precedent in their attempt to avoid production of these materials. Footnote 1 to defense counsel's letter of May of 11, 2007 states:

We disagree with your reliance on APJI Civil 11.18. That pattern jury instruction does not define the scope of discovery in this case. It is clear that a damages award based even in part upon a jury's desire to punish a defendant for "wrongs" inflicted on parties not before the court would amount to an unconstitutional taking without due process. See, e.g. Philip Morris USA v. Williams, - U.S. - , 127 S. Ct. 1057 (2007). Thus, your suggestion that damages in this case somehow hinge upon "wrongs" you believe BFRC may have committed elsewhere is misplaced.

Even a cursory reading of the <u>Williams</u> decision proves that the Supreme Court's holding in that case is completely inapplicable to the discovery at issue here. <u>Williams</u> was an Oregon case filed by the estate of a cigarette smoker against the defendant cigarette manufacturer. The jury found against the defendant manufacturer and awarded the plaintiff significant punitive damages. (<u>Id.</u> at 1061). Philip Morris appealed on the grounds that the trial court refused to give its proposed jury instruction that the jury was not allowed to punish Philip Morris for injury to other smokers not parties to that action. (<u>Id.</u>) It was the failure to give this jury instruction which the <u>Williams</u> court determined violated the Constitution's Due Process Clause. The case did not hold that evidence of other

harms was inadmissible and certainly no reading of the opinion could ever lead one to conclude that it supports these defendants' arguments that the plaintiff is not entitled to discovery of such information. The following excerpt from the <u>Williams</u> opinion makes this clear to conclusion:

Respondent argues that she is free to show harm to other victims because it is relevant to a different part of the punitive damages constitutional equation, namely, reprehensibility. That is to say, harm to others shows more reprehensible conduct Philip Morris, in turn, does not deny that a plaintiff may show harm to others in order to demonstrate reprehensibility. Nor do we. Evidence of actual harm to nonparties can help to show that the conduct that harmed the plaintiff also posed a substantial risk of harm to the general public, and so was particularly reprehensible — although counsel may argue in a particular case that conduct resulting in no harm to others nonetheless posed a grave risk to the public, or the converse. Yet for the reasons given above, a jury may not go further than this and use a punitive damages verdict to punish a defendant directly on account of harms it is alleged to have visited on nonparties.

(Id. at 1063 to 1064, emphasis added).

Clearly any argument that the <u>Williams</u> decision somehow precludes plaintiff's discovery of other negligent repairs in this case is not based on the holding of the <u>Williams</u> case or any other applicable precedent.

4. Defendants' argument that production of this material would be unduly burdensome in this wrongful death action is inappropriate and is contradicted by the clear weight of authority.

Defendants claim that they should not be required to produce these materials on the grounds that, although they receive lawsuits and their individual retail

locations receive complaints, they do not organize their lawsuit files by type of claim and their individual locations do not forward complaints to a central location and, therefore it would be unduly burdensome to make them undertake such a search. (See defendants' counsel's letter of May 11, 2007 attached hereto as **Exhibit D**). Judge Carroll addressed this very issue in the case <u>Baine v. General Motors</u>, 141 F.R.D. 328, Ala. M.D. 1991.

In <u>Baine</u> General Motors refused to produce materials evidencing the performance of devices similar to the device at issue in that case. Although General Motors produced a great deal more evidence of the burden of producing the evidence at issue in that case than defendants have described here, Judge Carroll dispensed with that argument in the following portion of his opinion which provides an excellent summary of the applicable authorities:

The law applicable to an objection to production on grounds of burdensomeness and expense is fairly clear. The mere fact that producing documents would be burdensome and expensive and would interfere with party's normal operations is not inherently a reason to refuse an otherwise legitimate discovery request. Biliske v. American Livestock Ins. Co., 73 F.R.D. 124 (W.D. Okla 1977); Keco Indus., Inc. v. Stearns Elec. Corp., 285 F. Supp. 912 (E.D. Wis. 1968); Speedrack, Inc. v. Baybarz, 43 F.R.D. 254 E.D. Cal. 1968; [**10] Technograph, Inc. v. Texas Instruments, Inc., 43 F.R.D. 416 (S.D.N.Y. 1967); Rockaway Pix Theatre, Inc. v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc., 36 F.R.D. 15 (E.D.N.Y. 1964). Scholarly authority clearly perceives the relationship between the enormity of a corporation like General Motors and the paper shield it can erect to As one treatise has expressed it, "The fact that defendant's size requires it to keep a great amount of records

cannot give it immunity which a small organization would not possess." 4A Moore's Federal Practice § 34.19 n.10.

Nor can the lack of an adequate filing system insulate a party from discovery. For example, in Baxter v. Travenol Labs., Inc., v. LeMay, 93 F.R.D. 379 (S.D. Ohio 1981), plaintiff opposed discovery on the grounds that producing 800,000 sales invoices would require it to search almost 3,000,000 documents. The cost, it was asserted would be some \$80,000, and "hundreds of man-hours." The court ruled that an unwieldy recording keeping system could not be used to frustrate discovery. Accord Alliance to End Repression v. Rochford, 75 F.R.D. 441 (N.D. Ill. 1977). Similarly, in [**11] Kozlowski v. Sears Roebuck & Co., 73 F.R.D. 73 (D. Mass. 1976), the court found that a corporation that maintained its records in such a way as to make totally impracticable could not use this document retrieval impracticability against as grounds to defend production. Accordingly, when plaintiff sought disclosures of complaints similar to her own against the company, the company was not permitted to interpose a defense to production that the indexing of the documents was not conducive to a subject-matter search.

(Id. at 331, emphasis added).

Clearly there can be no dispute that burdensomeness which is the result of the defendants' method of recordkeeping is no excuse for withholding clearly relevant information. To the extent defendants argue that such materials do not evidence notice of negligent tire repairs because their recordkeeping is such that the defendants do not even look at these complaints themselves then this evidences an even greater degree of culpability in that the defendants have deliberately turned a blind eye to such problems.

In Plaintiff's correspondence of April 27, 2007, attached hereto as **Exhibit E** wherein an attempt was made to resolve this discovery matter, plaintiff's counsel

offered to make reasonable accommodation so as to lessen "the burden and expense to the defendants in making such materials available." In rejecting plaintiff's request for these materials defendants did not address plaintiff's proposal.

Respectfully Submitted,

(VIN 002)

Attorneys for the Plaintiff

OF COUNSEL:

Lanny S. Vines, Esq.

Robert P. "Bo" Bruner, Esq.

LANNY VINES & ASSOCIATES, LLC

2142 Highland Avenue South

Birmingham, Alabama 35205-4002

Tel: 205-933-1277 Fax: 205-933-1272

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on May 25, 2007, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:

Lanny S. Vines, Esq. Robert P. "Bo" Bruner, Esq. LANNY VINES & ASSOCIATES, LLC 2142 Highland Avenue South Birmingham, Alabama 35205-4002

Brittin T. Coleman Kenneth M. Perry Hope T. Cannon Bradley Arant Rose & White LLP One Federal Place 1819 Fifth Avenue North Birmingham, AL 35203-2104

and I hereby certify that I have mailed by United States Postal Service the

foregoing to the following non-CM/ECF participants:

None

EXHIBIT A

Customer Invoice 046642 02/26/2005	FI	321 N	SON AVENUE ADISON AVE		S		Service / 01 W 334.264.5	
		MONTGO	MERY, AL. 3 2001 CHE	16104	31 A\ZC-6	.		1
PITTS, SANDRA 140 COLLINGWOOD A	A VIE	: • •	V6-262 4.	3L		•		• ,
MONTGOMERY, AL 334:288,5314	36 105.		Lic #: 3B1 In: 02/26 Out: 02/26	6/05 10:48	M I	Viileage:	39,599	
Store # 020060		RETAIL	SALE		y.			
Description	Tellin Alex & Mills and Salar	7.5	Article		Qty	Unit Price	Extended	J
MASTERCARE STAND TF47 OIL FILTER	ard oil change .	UP TO 5 QUAR	us	01	XIV.		Price	7
OIL (QUART)			7058122		# 14 M	3,99	4 4 3 3 3 2 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
OIL CHANGE LABOR			701751£ 702971£		ं वि जि	1.75		
OIL/FILTER DISPOSA	L FEE (1)		7075051			7.25 2.00	357, 2290	
PARTS DISCOUNT M CHANGE : UP TO 5 C	ASTERCARE STANI	DARD OIL	7001674		. 4	4.06	247 3040	**
LABOR DISCOUNT M	OANUO ASTEROARE STAM	AADD OII				com at stock it?		
CHANGE - UP TO 5 Q	UARTS	SAINE OIL	7001674	20	÷1.	2.94	-2.94	
Courtesy Check				03		: .		×
COURTESY CHECK, BELTS:	A Commence of the Commence of		7046930	20	1	N/C	NVC	
950K6 POLY - RIB BEL	T			0 1	3	1.		51.9
REMOVE & REPLACE	ALTERNATOR DRIV	Æ RELT	7090336		1	27.99	27.99	
INE REPAIR - WHEEL F	REMOVAL (Rear-Let	ft)	7020729	12	1	24.00	24.00	
FLAT REPAIR - PATCH	I-PLUG	n Age	7020060	20	i.	1.99	99	12.9
FLAT REPAIR LABOR			7019488		1	11.00	11.00	
Technician(s):								
12 K YOUNG	20	P CLEMONS						•
Payment History:			n Lipa in		州 [1]	iii ii	Social Contract	***
Check 4215	86.01	•	194 194	•		Sum Part	mary:	100 c
Total Tendered	86.01		50.5			Eabo		38.6 41.3
						1. alice 1965 1 4 3	Supplies	2.4
		.A.`	1. 1	***	• "		Total	82.3
				54.8 119		Tax (10.00%)	3,6
						Total	The Bear of the Control	ത്രത്ത
have received the above	goods and/or service	s. If this is a cre	dir		ing the second	- Clas		\$86.0
are purchase, ragree to p	ay and comply with r	ny cardholder		to an included the second	સ્ત્રિક કે			
greement with the issuer.		1,3		•				ing or one Orașia
					. 13 Kr.			Rev
1978 Change Calley		Revision Hist					Same of the same	Amt Init
Customer Sign		,	111AM 334.28	8.5314 PIT	TS, SA	NDRA	7(27
Initial here to indicate	you have received the	e						. : ·
er transporter and transporter and the second and t	ranty Book.		Ä,			•		, if it is
Mire Maintenance Wan					 * **. 			
Tire Maintenance Wan parts are new unless o			er de la companya de		ji jer	٠.	100	
Mire Maintenance Wan			lac	cknowledg	a natio	a and as	d amino at	£
Mire Maintenance Wan			l ac	knowledg increase i	e notic	e and ora	il approval o	f
Mire Maintenance Wan			1 ac an	knowledg increase i	e notic n the o	e and ora	d approval o limated price	f e.
Mire Maintenance Wan			l ac an	knowledg Increase i	e notic n the o	e and ora riginal es	l approval o timated price	f

Case 2:06-cv-01008-MEF-SRW Document 19-2 Filed 05/25/2007 Page 3 of 6

Customer invoice 054515 12/10/2005

FIRESTONE TIRE & SERVICE CENTERS MADISON AVENUE 321 MADISON AVE

Service Advisor: 01 W 334.264.5301

140 COLINGWOOD AVE MONTGOMERY, AL 36105

MONTGOMERY, AL. 36104 2001- CHEVROLET BLAZER

V6-262 4.3L

Lic#: 3B134EC AL Vin#

in: 12/10/05: 10:48AM Mileage: 48,856 Out: 12/10/05: 1/1/13AM

Store #020060

٠,٠١			AND WARRIED TO THE PARTY OF		对自己行言: 中国国际基本证明	
		Caracteria de la descripción de la confesión d	The state of the s	Article	Andrew Charles	Unit Extended
	Description					
. 2		200	3 Table 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Number	IDQty	Price Price
: 1	MASTERCARE STA	(NIB)ARRIDEOILEAN	CELLID TO FOUN	Die	A Same Same	State Control of the State Con
- 33					Manager Committee of the Committee of th	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF A
	TF47 OIL FILTER			7000400		All the second of the second o
	TO THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF	\$20,000 (1977)	AND THE STREET STREET, STREET, STREET,	7058122	12	3.99 3.99
	OIL CHANGE LAB			7020740		
- 1	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	6627631555	A de la	7029718	12	9:00 9:00
•		CYCLING CHARGE	(2) (2) (1) (2) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4		设置 (1) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
•				7075051	Z SCALON	2.50 2.50
,i	10/4/302GT212SYN7	THETIC BLENDIOIL				
•				7017515	12	2.00 10.00
٠.	PARTS DISCOUN	T MARTEROADER	EANIE A EDITOR OF L		ing a statement of	more than the second of the se
À.		""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	MINDARD OIL	7001674	2	467 467
	CHANGE - UP TO	5 O TARTS	医			
			A Company of the Comp		Section of the second section of the second section of the second section sect	
٠,٠	LABOR DISCOUNT	TMASTERCARES	FANITA DID ON	TO SECTION		Commence of the Same of the Sa
				7001674	2	3.83
	CHANGE AUP TO	SOLARTS SEE				
٠.:				Selection of the select	TO SERVICE TO THE	2 (2/2), A
Щ	NSPECTION			SACRETARY OF SACRES	A JANSAN AND A STATE OF THE STA	

CUSTOMER REQUESTED NO INSPECTION

Technician(s):

12 K-YOUNG

Payment History:

Cash Tendered

Total Tendered Change Due

Summary Parts 7 Labor 7.67 Shop Supplies 0.00 Sub-Total · 16.99 Tax (10.00%)

Lhave received the above goods and/or services. If this is a credit eard purchase. I agree to pay and comply with my cardholder. agreement with the issuer.

Customer Signature

All parts are new unless otherwise specified.

LIMITED WARRANTY

William & Roman

WHAT IS WARRANTED AND FOR HOW LONG? Auto parts purchased at any Firestone Tire and Service Center location are warranted to be free from det for a period of six (6) months or 6,000 miles, whichever comes lies, and alternated and service center location is werranted for the same periods as in alternated and services are warranted for longer periods as island period. These and batteries are warranted separately and not covered by this warranty, warranty applies to parts installed and service performed on physical sessions.

"MasterCare® Triple Guarantee"

S. 1987 . 27 Sec. 3106.

- 14G Wg

聚為 家鄉 海里 **有**例如此,如此,是一个 This MasterCare® Triple Guarantee is given by Bridgestoney Figure 1 inc. It is only offered through participating company-owned figures MasterCare 1 stores

This MasterCare® Triple Guarantee is given by Bridgestoney/Firestone (life. it is only offered through participating company-owneus assessment of the Price Match Guarantee.

Tires: This Price Match Guarantee extends to the Customen with his (SD) days after the date of purchase, a 150% refund of the difference between a windown price on a similar make/models through the piece of extire purchased from a Firestone Tire and Service Center Customer miset provide current local ad. This grapantee excludes clearences, closeouts and established in the refundation of the remaining the six of the customer must be provide a current local ad or a company company to the customer must provide a current local ad or a company current witten service and entered and or bona fide service estimate. Service is defined as a and labor. Gustomer must provide a current local ad or a company current witten service as provided were active to the Customer the option of a refund of the Customer's money for the specific service work performed by us which prove as in the customer's option, performed during the six (6) month-six thousand fulle warrants period. If the automotive repair or service is improperly performed with any customer's manager for the specific service work performed the customer's option, perform the work at no additional charge for perts or labor texcept as incided in the Except service work and additional charge for perts or labor texcept as incided in the Except service and with any customer is the customer's manager for the specific service work performed with any customer is many for the specific service work performed by us. This refund is not to be combined with any customer in the customer's many for the specific service work performed with any customer in the customer's many for the specific service work performed with any customer in the customer's many for the specific service work performed with any customer in the customer's many customer in the customer's many customer in the customer's many customer in the cu

On Time Guarantee:

100 CONTRACTOR AND THE This On Time Guarantee extends to the Customer a 10% discount on the total of parts and labor off their next visit to any company symbol restone last if the store falls to complete tire and/or service work within the dimerophised, as agreed upon prior to completion of tire and/or service work performed subsequent second visit must occur within one year of the displantee. Minimum discount is \$5.00 and maximum discount is \$20.00. This dispound to be combined with any other offer or to reduce outstanding debt.

Auto parts which prove to be unserviceable during the warranty period, except as identified below, will be replaced free of any additional charges for parts of any additional charges for any additional charges for parts of any additional charges for parts of any additional charges for a superior and additional charges for a superior · 自然工业方式。旅

	e a company of the co	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
WARRANTY ON:	PÄRTS	LABOR
Steering & Suspension Parts	Lightne	6 Months / 6 DOD Miles
Universal Joints (Excluding CV Joints & Boots)	Lifetime	6 Months / 6,000 Miles
Performance Gas Sheck	tilletime	Lifetime 19
Gas. Truck Shock (1)	C Unetine (1)	Lifetime (1) NUM
Performance Gas MacPharson Struttor Cartridge	Lifetime	Lifetime
New or Remanufactured Starters and Alternators	24 Months / 24,000 Miles	6 Months / 6,000 Miles
MasterCare® Premium Brake Service; Birake Shoes, Disc Pads Gelipers and/or Wheel Cylinders, brake installation hardware (2) Service includes: Brake System flush and Clean/Adjust Rear Axie (3)	jarjetime (2) 24 Monthle / 24,000 Miles (3)	Lifetime (2) ,24 Months / 24,000 Miles (
MasterCare Plus Brake Salvice Brake Shoes, Disc Pads (2) Service Includes: Brake System files and Clean Adjust Rear Axia		24 Vonths / 24,000 3 Visit
MasterCare® Standard Brake Service Brake Shoes, Disc Pads	12 Months / 12 000 Miles	72 Months / 12,000 Miles
MasterCare® Plus T/A of A.W.beel Alignition. Service Includes: fire Rotation and Four White Balance (4)	2 Months / 12:000 Miles (4)	12 Months / 12,000 Miles R
MasterCare® Premium T/A or 40Misel Alighment Service Includes: Tire Rotation and Four Wheel Balance (4)	The second secon	Conclination [4]
MasterCare® Plus Tune-Up - 4, 6, or \$ Cylinder Service Includes: Bosch Platinum 2 Specif Plags and Fuell System Cleaning		
MasterCare® Premium Tune-Up. 4, 6, or 3 Cylinder Service Includes: Bosch Platinum 2 Spack Plugs Fuel Fixel Fuel System Cleaning and	46.62	24 Months / 24,000 Miles
BaterCare® Premium Wheel Balance (4)	Lifetime (4)	Lifetime [4]
AN THETIME WARRANTIES ARE ONLY WALLD FOR AS LONG AS THE ORIGINAL	AND THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF THE PE	

LIFETIME WARRANTIES ARE ONLY VALID FOR AS LONG AS THE ORIGINAL CUSTOMER OWNS THE VEHICLE.

Performance Gas Truck Shocks, installed on a commercial use vehicle are also warranted against defects and wear-out for 1 year from date of purchas or 100,000 miles, whichever occurs first, labor included.

Costs of additional brake system components, including master cylinders, rotors, drums and all additional labor are warranted for a period of six (6) months or 6,000 miles, whichever comes first, but are not included in the lifetime, 24 months 24,000 mile, or 12 menth/12,000 mile warrantes. Costs of brake system flush/adjust rear exist is only warranted for 24 months 24,000 miles with MesterCare Premium Brake service.

Lifetime balance is only warranted so long as griginally balanced first refresher on the service.

Lifetime balance is only wereanted so long as originally balanced tire remains on wheel.

Exclusions: Replacement of anti-freeze or clamps is not included in the warranty on belts/radiator hoses. Cost of refrigarent and recharging of the air conditioning statem is not included with the warranty on air conditioner parts or air conditioner compressors. Cost of additional brake system components, including rotor air definition and/or labor to restore Brake System to its safe proper operation is not included with the warranty on Brake Shoes, Disc Pads, Calipers and/or warranty from the manufacturer.

CENERAL PROVISIONS (Applicable to all warranties)
WHO IS COVERED BY THE WARRANTIES LISTED IN THIS DOCUMENT? This warranty covers only the original purchaser of the installed parts and/or service.
WHERE WILL THE WARRANTIES BE HONDRED? Take your car to the Rivestone Tire & Service Center which sold the warranted parts and/or service work, to the Firestone Tire & Service Center, or a participating authorized Dealer location in the United States.
HOW CAN A CLAIM BE MADE UNDER THE WARRANTIES? The original invoice from the stare at which the original work was performed must be presented and the benefit of the warranter.

FIGW CAN A CLAIM BE MADE UNDER THE WARRANTIES? The original invoice from the store at which the original work was performed must be presented ender to get the benefit of the warranty.

WHAT OTHER CONDITIONS APPLY? The obligations undertaken in these warranties are offered only on the above items and conditions, and may not be enlarge in stered by anyone. This warranty document does not apply to products or vehicles used for commercial, racing, or off-road purposes, or to damage cause by abuse or accident. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, BSE RETAIL & COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS, LLC. INC. AND ITS FIRESTONE THE SERVICE GENTER LOCATIONS DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Some states do not allow the exclusion of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you.

CONSEQUER RIGHTS: This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have often rights which vary from state to estate.

SAMEN BY Firestone Tire & Service Center identified in stamp or, if none, by Bridgestone/Firestone North American Tire, LLC. 535 Marriott Drive, Nashville 1972/14.

four satisfaction is important to us. If for any reason, you are not satisfied with the service you receive, contact the Manager of the store where your service provided. If you feel your problem has not been handled to your complete satisfaction, or you need the address of the Firestone Tire & Service Centers neares your please call Firestone Consumer Affairs, 1-800-387-3872.

Customer Involce 054623 12/15/2005 FIRESTONE TIRE & SERVICE CENTERS MADISON AVENUE 321 MADISON AVE

Service Advisor: 05 DAVID 334,264:5301

PITTS SANDRA 140 GOLLINGWOOD AVE MONTGOMERY, AL. 36105 MONTGOMERY, AL. 36104 2001 CHEVROLET BLAZER V6-262 4:3L

Lic #. 3B134EC AL Vin #.

in: 12/15/05 8:20AM Mileage: 49.067 Out: 12/15/05 10/04AM

Store:#020060 RETAIL SALE

				APPLICATION NOTICE	Article	rodelskeider i filmer film	Unit Ex	ended: Jol
٠.	Description	STATE OF THE STATE OF	25年海岸會美術	errite a site and the	Number	CONTRACTOR SERVICE		
	TIBE BERNIN WAR			the old production of the splitter.	Maillock			Price Tota
	TIRE REPAIR - WHE	EL KEMUVAL (F	ront-Right)	、大学 地區鐵河	ton and the	\$ 05 % 3-141 \$ 18 7 70	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1499
.,	** FLAT REPAIR - PA	ATCH-PLUG	二十九 (於)數(處), 22	小规定的数量。	7020060	COOK STATE	200	200
	FLAT REPAIR LAB	The state of the s		Charles Charles	.020000			200
	ALL SECTION OF THE SE	The state of the s	The special state of the second		7019488	20 1	12.00	12.00
٠.,١	COURTESY CHECK					105		Report of the Control
	COURTESY CHEC	K Section			7040000	to the same of	ARBERT	医肾髓囊炎 计选择
	THE WALL TO STA				าเกลือลจก	BANGAL BURGERY	\$7.IN/AS/2013-0-1-1	NACO CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF
						《图图图》的 是2011年第一	consideration of the contract of	sie statistyr produktivityje.

Technician(s): 7 20 P. CLEMONS

Payment History: Cash Tendered Total Tendered

Change Due

20.28 20.28 <5.00

 Summary:

 Parts
 2.96

 Labor
 12.00

 Shop Supplies
 0.00

 Sub-Total
 14.96

 Tax (10.00%)
 0.25

I have received the above goods and/or services (I this is a crecard purchase; I agree to pay and comply with my cardholder agreement with the issuer

W.W.II. and W.C. and Control of the Control of the

Gustomer Signature

AU parts are new unless otherwise specified

LIMITED WARRANTY

美国的特殊 和中的特别

i as

WesterCare Service & Parts

WHAT IS WARRANTED AND FOR HOW LONG? Auto parts purchased at any Firestone Tire and Service Center location are warranted to be free from de

100

WHAT IS WARRANTED AND FOR HOW LONG? Auto parts purchased at any Firesone Tire and Service Center location are warranted to be fired from defor a period of six (8) months or 8,000 miles, whichever correstifies, and all suck service walk period of six (8) months or 8,000 miles, whichever correstifies, and all suck service walk period of six (8) months or 8,000 miles, whichever correstifies, and all suck service walk period of six (8) months or 8,000 miles, whichever correstifies, and all suck service walk period of six (8) months or longer periods at listed below. Three and betteres and service separated for longer periods at listed below. Three and betteres and service separated on a service period of six (8) months or 10 miles, whichever correstifies and light trucks:

"Measterdaire" Triple Guarantee."

This Measterdaire Triple Guarantee is given by Briggestong Firesone Inc. It is only offered through participating company-owned Firesone Master series stars

Price Match Guarantee.

This Price Match Subrantee exercises to the Dustomer by price of a time purched form all firestone Tree and Service Center of Service of the service excludes allowed the price of a time purched form allowed in this guarantee excludes allowed the price of a time purched form allowed the participation of the service center of service excludes allowed the price of a time purched form allowed the service center of service excludes allowed the price of a time purched form allowed the service center of service excludes allowed the purched and the purched forms of the service was observed to the service of the service excludes allowed the purched of the service excludes allowed the service of the service and the service was service and the service was provided to the service was allowed the service was allowed to the purched as a service form the work at no additional service walk and the service was allowed to participate the service was allowed to participate the service the service was allowed the service was allowed the service was all

The second secon	AND THE STATE OF T	EEN-ROOM (1989) (21)
LIMITED WARRANTY ON:	PARTS	
Steering & Suspension Perts	Lifetime	6 Months / 6 DEO Wiles
Universal Seprite (Excluding CV Joints & Boots)		EMonths / 6 000 Miles
Perfermance Gas Shock	Lifetime	Lifetine
Gas Truck Shock (1)	Lifetime (N	Lifetime (1)
Pariormance Gas MacPherson Strut, or Cartridge	Lifetine	Lifetime
New or Remarutactured State and Alternators	24 Months / 24,000 Miles	6 Months / 6 Deb Miles
Mister Care Premium Brake Senvisis Brake Shoes; Disc Pads Calipers and Cir Wheel Cylinders, brake installation hardware (2) Barrice Includes: Brake System (103) and Clean Adjust Bear Axis (3)	Lifetime (2) 24 Months 24,000 Miles (3)	Lifetime (2) 24 Months & 24 000 Miles (
awaster Care: Pius Brake Sarvice: Brake Shoes, Disc Rads (2) Begingeringludes: Brake System Rush and Clean Adjust Rear Axie	24 Nonths / 24,000 Miles (2)	24 Months / 24,000 Miles (
Waster Care® Standard Scoke Service: Brake Shoes, Disc Page	- 42 Months / 12,000 Miles	12 Months / 12,000 Miles
MasterCere® Plus T/A or 4-Wrisel Alignment Service Includes: Tire Rotation and Four Wheel Balance (4):	78 Min (12,000 Miles (4)	12 Months / 12,000 Miles (
MästenCare [®] Premium T/A or 4:Whele Alighteens Service Includes: Tire Rotation and Four Wheel Balance (4)	Allefetime (4)	ede at Lifetime (A)
WesterCare® Plus Tune-Up - 4, 6, or 8 Cylindat Barvice Includes: Bosch Platinum 2 Spark Pluge and Fuel System Cleaning	92.Mbil90s / 12.000 Miles	12 Ngotis / 12 000 Miles
MasterCare Premium Tune-Up - 4, 6, or 8 Gyllider Bernice Includes: Bosch Platinum 2 Spark Plags, Fuel Filter Evel System Cleaniac and All'Alleriser	24 Months / 24,000 Miles	24 Months / 24,000 Miles
MasterCare® Premium Wheel Balance (4):	Dietine (4)	Lifetime (4)

L LIFETIME WARRANTIES ARE ONLY VALID FOR AS LONG AS THE ORIGINAL CUSTOMER OWNS THE VEHICLE.

Performance Gas Truck Shocks, installed on a commercial use validities, are also warranted egainst derects and wear-out for 1 year from date of purchas or 100,000 miles, whichever occurs first, labor included.

Costs of additional brake system components, including master cylinders, rotors, drugs and all additional leads, are warranted of six (\$1 month) 24,000 miles or 12 month, 12,000 mile warranties.

Costs of brake system flush/adjustiveer sale is only warranted for 24 months/24,000 miles with MasterCare Premium Brake service.

Lifetime balance is only warranted so long as originally balanced tire remains on wheel.

Exclusions: Replacement of anti-freeze or clamps is not included in the warranty on belts/radiator hoses. Cost of refrigerant and recharging of the air conditioning stem is not included with the warranty on air conditioner parts or air conditioner compressors. Cost of additional brake system components, including rotor and or labor to restore Brake System to its safe proper operation is not included with the warranty on Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and/or labor to restore Brake Shoes, Disc Peds, Calipers and Inc.

GENERAL PROMICIONS (Applicable to all warranties)

WHO IS COMERED BY THE WARRANTIES LISTED IN THIS DOCUMENT? This warranty covers only the original purchaser of the installed parts and/or service work. If the WARRANTIES BE HOMORED? Take your car to the Presence Tire & Service Center which sold the warranted parts and/or service work. If the warranted parts and/or service work, I would be presented to detect the benefit of the warranted must be presented were to det the benefit of the warranty.

HOW CAN A CLAIM BE MADE UNDER THE WARRANTIES? The difficult review of the store at which the original work was performed must be presented by the product of the warranty.

WHAT OTHER CONDITIONS APPLY? The difficulties in these warranties are offered only on the above items and conditions, and may not be enlarge on elitered by anyone. This warranty document does not apply the products of whiches used for commercial, racing, or effected purposes, or to damage cause by abuse of accident. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, BSF PETALL & COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS, LLC, INC. AND ITS PIRESTONE TIRE SERVICE CENTER LOCATIONS DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Some states do not allow the exclusion of legicental or consequented damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

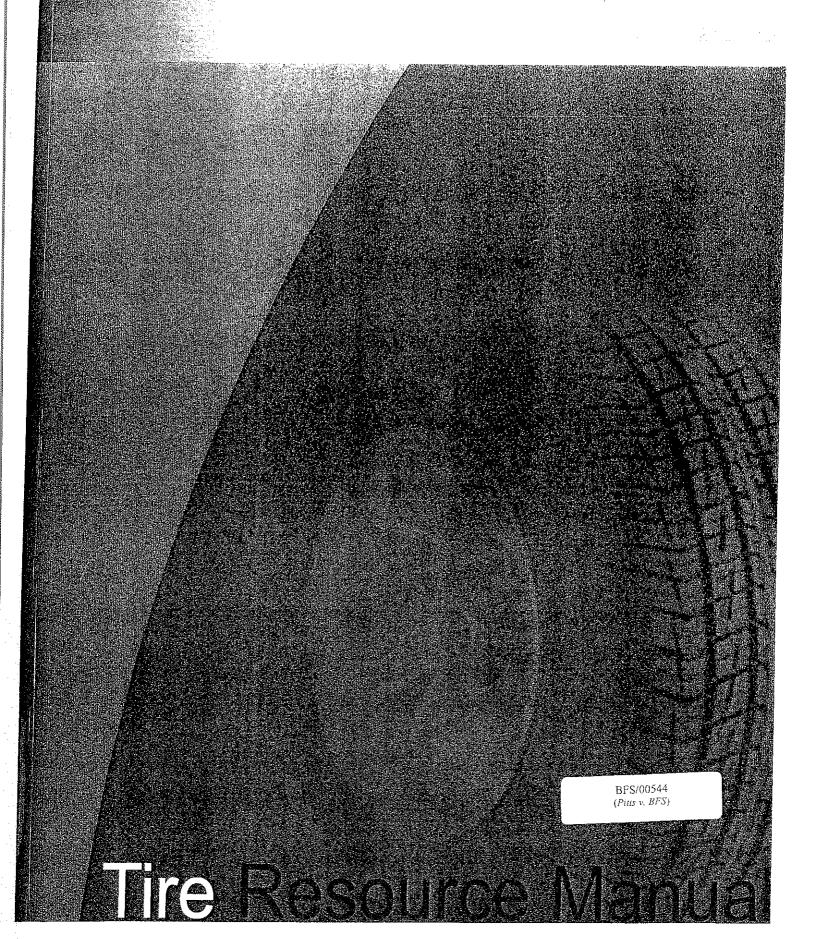
SUNDING RIGHTS: This warranty departed damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

SUNDING RIGHTS: This warranty departed damages, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

SUNDING RIGHTS: This warranty departed in stamp or it none, by Bridgestone/Firestone North American Tire, LLC, 535 Marriott Drive, Nashvilk 37214.

YOUR setisfaction is important to us. If for any reason, you are not satisfied with the service you receive, contact the Mariages of the store where your service was provided. If you feel your problem has not been handled to your complete satisfaction, or you need the address of the Firestone Tire & Service Centers neared you, please call Firestone Consumer Affairs, 1-800-367-3872

EXHIBIT B



GEVER BEDEVINE BANGE

Core Tire Knowledge	
Tire Care & Maintenance	9
Tire Adjustment Procedures	16
Original Equipment Fitment Guides	19
Load & Inflation Tables	219
How to Read a Product Sheet	
Product Sheets	
Mass Market Touring	253
Performance	
High Performance	281
Touring	291
Ultra High Performance	297
Light Truck Highway	309
Light Truck All-Terrain	323
Light Truck Max-Traction	335
Light Truck Commercial Highway	341
Light Truck Commercial All-Terrain	347
Winter Passenger	353
Winter Light Truck	365
achnical Rullatine	077

BFS/00545 (Pitts v. BFS)

2005 TIRE RESOURCE MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	
What is a Sales Teammate	
Five Steps To Successful Tire Sales	
Telephone Techniques To Increase Tire Sales	
Handling Customer Complaints	
Merchandising Tires	1
Inspect All Tires In The Service Department	10
Tire Categories	
Tire Construction	
Parts of a Tire	15
Tread Components	
Tread Designs	
Tire Sidewall Information	
Tire and Rim Dimensions	
Tire Nomenclature	26
Uniform Tire Quality Grading (UTQG)	28
Load Range and Inflation Limits	3 0
Performance Tires	34
Speed Rating	34
Service Description	
Plus Sizing	38
Light Truck Tires	
Wheel Warnings	
Rims Approved For Radial Tire Usage	42

2
4
4
4
4
4
4
5
52
5
5
59
61
63
64
65
66
68
69
72
73
77
89
.90

BFS/00546 (Pitts v. BFS)

2005 TIRE RESOURCE MANUAL

TIRE MOUNTING

Always stand well clear of any tire mounting operation. This is especially important when the service operator inflates the tire. If the tire has been improperly mounted, it may burst with explosive forces causing serious personal injury or death.

A new valve stem is recommended when a worn out passenger tire is replaced.

Use valve caps to keep valve cores clean, clear of debris and to help guard against air leakage.

Removing and replacing tires on rims can be dangerous. Attempting to mount tires with improper tools or procedures may result in a tire explosion causing serious personal injury or death. This is a job for a qualified tire service person, following proper procedures.

Serious Personal injury or death can result from:

- Failure to select the proper tire and rim. The tire must match the width and diameter requirements of the rim. For example, when mounting 16-inch diameter tires, use only 16-inch diameter rims. When mounting truck type radial tires, use only wheels approved for radial tires.
- 2. Failure to inspect both the tire and rim. The rim must be free of cracks, dents, chips, and rust. The tire must be free of bead damage, cuts, and punctures. Do not attempt to repair or seal bead damage. Attempting to use a tire with bead damage can later result in sudden tire failure causing serious personal injury or death.
- 3. Failure to follow proper procedures. For proper mounting procedures, consult the Care and Service of Automobile and Light Truck Tires published by the Rubber Manufacturers Association.
- Exceeding the maximum bead seating pressure. The tire service person must never inflate a tire beyond 40 pounds per square inch (p.s.i.) (276 kPa) to seat beads. Be absolutely certain beads are fully seated before adjusting inflation pressure to the level recommended for vehicle operation.

SAFETY WARNING:

Never place a flammable substance into a tire/rim assembly at any time. Never put any flammable substance into a tire/rim assembly and attempt to ignite to seat the beads.

TIRE STORAGE

Tires should be stored indoors in a cool dry place where water cannot collect inside the tires. The tires should be placed away from electric generators and motors, and sources of heat such as hot pipes. Storage surfaces should be clean and free of grease, gasoline, or other substances that can deteriorate the rubber. Improper storage can damage tires in ways that may not be visible and can lead to serious personal injury or death.

TIRE REPAIRS

Driving on an improperly repaired tire is dangerous. An improper repair can cause further damage to the tire. It may suddenly fail, causing serious personal injury or death.

Before you repair a tire, make it a point to ask the customer if he or she used an aerosol fixer to inflate/seal the tire. Aerosol fixers could contain a highly volatile gas. Always remove the valve core outdoors, away from sources of excessive heat, flame or sparks and completely deflate the tire before removing it from the rim for repair. Do not use a tire reamer, rasp, plug, or any object, which could cause sparks on a tire or rim without first completely removing the tire from the rim. Never add air to a tire treated with an aerosol fixer without completely removing the flammable gas. If you believe an aerosol fixer has been used, wash the inside of the tire with a detergent/water solution, rinse thoroughly and allow the tire to dry.

DETERMINE IF THE TIRE IS REPAIRABLE

The tire's ability to be repaired should be judged by the following point:

- 1. State of wear
- 2. Location of damage
- 3. Type of damage
- 4. Size of damage

Note: Tires that are speed-rated may be repaired. However, after repair these tires no longer maintain their speed ratings.

BFS/00547 (Pitts v. BFS)

TIRE REPAIR LIMITS

- Never repair a tire with less than 2/32nd inch (1.6 millimeters) tread remaining. At this tread depth, the tire is worn out and must be replaced.
- Never repair a tire with a puncture larger than 1/4 inch (6.4 millimeters) in diameter. Such tires cannot be properly repaired and must be replaced.
- Repairs of all tires (radial and non-radial) must be of the plug and inside patch type. Using plugs alone on any type of tire is not a safe repair.
- Never repair a tire with a puncture or other damage outside the tread area. Such tires cannot be properly repaired and must be replaced.
- · Any tire repair done without removing the tire from the rim is improper.
- Tubes, like tires, should be repaired only by a qualified tire service person.
- Never use a tube as a substitute for a proper repair.
- Once determined repairable, the tire must be patched from the inside and the puncture area filled. Use tire chalk to mark the position of the valve stem and wheel weights prior to demounting the tire from the rim. By following this simple procedure, the tire can be remounted in its original position (retaining match mounting) and maintains the balance of the tire/rim configuration. If the tire has been driven several thousand miles since the last balance check, you may recommend to the customer that the balance be checked.

The three basic steps for puncture repairing are: (1) Removing the tire from the wheel for inspection and repair, (2) filling the injury to keep moisture out, and (3) sealing the innerliner with a repair unit to prevent air loss.

INSPECTION

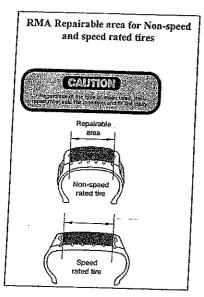
- 1. Mark injury and remove the puncturing object
- 2. Before deflating, immerse the entire tire in water to determine if there is more than one hole
- 3. Remove the tire from the wheel
- 4. Inspect puncture with a blunt awl to determine the size and type of injury
- 5. Place the tire on a spreader and inspect thoroughly
- 6. If any of the following conditions exist, the tire cannot be repaired:
 - a. Holes larger than 1/4 inch
 - b. Run flat damage
 - c. Broken or deformed bead wires
 - d. Ruptures of radial plies
 - e. Deterioration of rubber
 - f. Damage to the bead area

REPAIR PROCEDURES

- 1. Remove all foreign matter from the hole. Be careful not to enlarge the hole.
- 2. Select the proper size reamer. The reamer selection must completely cover the injured area.
- 3. Select the proper size patch and plug to correspond to the reamer. Center the patch over the puncture and mark one inch beyond the edge of the patch with a crayon.
- 4. Clean the punctured area thoroughly with a pre-buff chemical cleaner (do no use gasoline).
- 5. With the tire in a relaxed position and following the tool manufacturer's recommendations, use a proper hand reamer, carbide cutter, or drill bit to clean the injury.
- 6. Buff thoroughly to a flat, smooth velvet surface, per RMA. "Be careful not to gouge the innerliner or expose casing liner. Remove buffing dust with a vacuum cleaner. Note: chemical cleaning is not a substitute for mechanical buffing."
- 7. Apply cement recommended by the patch manufacturer according to the label directions. Cement must be allowed to dry thoroughly.
- 8. Lubricate the hole and taper of plug with cement. Insert the plug into the hole, pulling it firmly through so the patch seats to the buffed innerliner. Be sure the bead marking is in the correct position.
- 9. Stitch from the center out being careful not to trap any air.
- 10. Cut off stem 1/16 inch above the outer surface.
- 11. Check for leaks with a soap solution before returning a tire to service on the vehicle.
- 12. Mount the repaired tire following the proper mounting procedures.
- 13. Be certain to check the condition and inflation pressure of all remaining tires on the vehicle.

BFS/00548 (Pitts v. BFS) Failure to follow these recommendations could result in sudden tire failure, property damage, personal injury, or death. Your location should follow these procedures to assure the customer of many safe-driving miles because of your repair. Using plugs alone on any type of tire is not a safe repair. Therefore, repairs of all tires (radial and non-radial) should be of the plug and inside patch type.

Failure to follow the procedures and recommendations could result in sudden tire failure, property damage, personal injury or death. Your location should follow all procedures outlined in this certification program to assure the customer of many safe-driving miles because of your repair.



TIRE CARE AND MAINTENANCE TIPS

This section will help you understand the direct result care and maintenance have on the performance of a tire. A well-maintained tire will perform to the best of its design capabilities. Abnormal wear patterns may develop because of misalignment, overinflation, under-inflation, out of balance, overloading of the vehicle, or worn suspension components. While mechanical service may be required to correct some abnormal tire wear patterns, proper care and maintenance of the tires and wehicle can prevent abnormal tire wear. In order for a life to be well maintained it must be properly mounted, maintain proper inflation pressure, properly aligned, and be rotated as scheduled.

BFS/00549 (Pitts v. BFS)

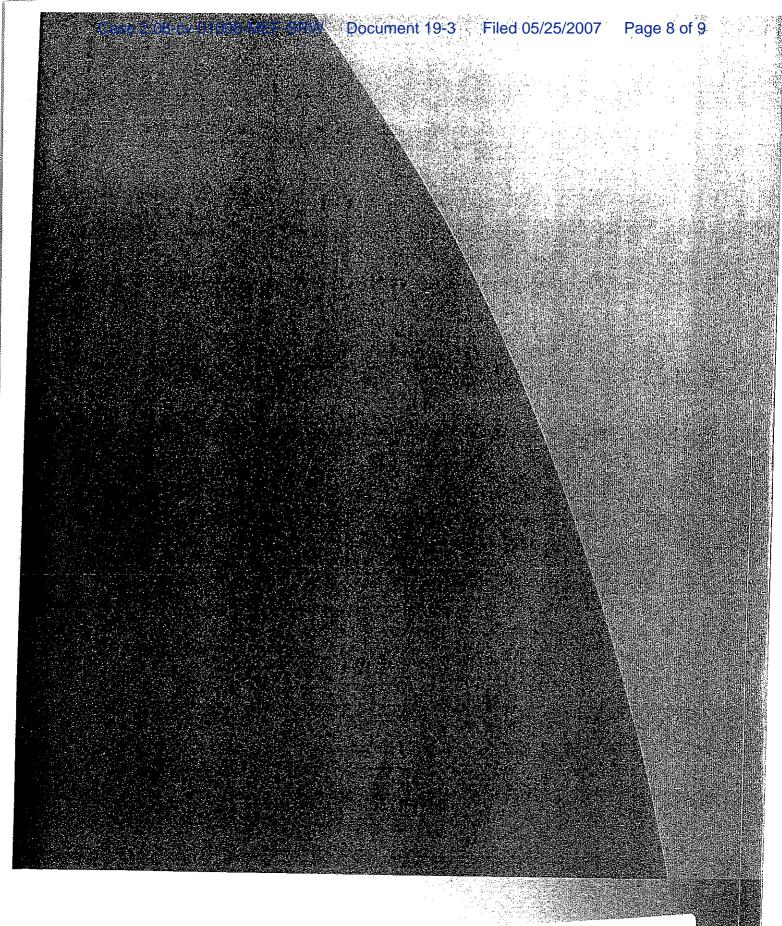
TIRE MIXING

Tires of different constructions and sizes may have different handling and/or other performance characteristics. Therefore, note the following:

- 1. Unless otherwise specified by the vehicle manufacturer, it is recommended that all tires on a vehicle be the same size, construction (i.e. radial, bias ply), and speed rating.
- 2. Never mix tires of different size or construction on an axle (except for temporary use of a spare).

Additionally:

- 4x4 and AWD Vehicles: It is particularly important to match all tire sizes and constructions on four-wheel-drive (4x4) or all-wheel-drive (AWD) vehicles, unless otherwise specified by the vehicle manufacturer.
- Winter Tires: Winter tires are best applied to all vehicle positions. If winter tires are applied to the front axle of any vehicle, they must also be installed on the rear. Do not apply winter tires to only the front axle—this applies to all passenger cars and light trucks, including front wheel drive, 4x4 and all—wheel drive vehicles.
- Speed Rating: Tires with different speed ratings may vary in ride, handling, and/or other performance characteristics. Thus, care should be taken when mixing tires of different speed ratings on the same vehicle. It is the "top speed" of the "slowest" tire on the vehicle which limits the vehicle's top speed without tire failure.
- Bias / Radial Tires: The following applies to all passenger and light truck vehicles, regardless of drive axle(s), except for temporary use of a spare:
 - Never mix bias ply, bias belted, or radial tires on the same axle.
 - Do not mix bias ply, bias belted, or radial tires on 4x4 or AWD vehicles.
- Never place bias ply or bias belted tires on the rear axle if radial tires are on the front axle, regardless of which axle is the drive axle, unless the vehicle has duals on the rear. (This also applies to winter tires.)



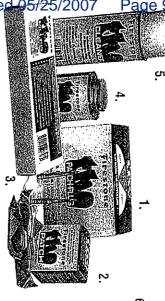
©2005 BFS Retail & Commercial Operations, LLC Education Department All Rights Reserved BFS/00550 (Pitts v. BFS)

TIRE REPAIR MATERIALS

BLECTRICAL SYSTEM ANALYZER

 Complete Simple Smart

The Authorized Tire Repair Materials for Firestone Stores



6. THE Kit

of the following: repairs and contains one each Handles approximately 30 tire

THE Patch

THE Cement THE Filler

THE Cleaner THE Patch-Plug (Large & Small)

A. P.

BF DEALER DISC MFG. LIST \$3071 \$1368

*TRADE-IN \$300

YOUR NET PRICE \$1373

Part # ESA-800-KIT BF Article No. 7002879

First the Brains...

and test printout allow your customers to see the results and understand what they all in a shop-rugged, cart-mounted package. The inTELLECT's graphical user interface system diagnostics with a memory saver, key-off draw test, and multimeter functions -The inTELLECT combines Midtronics' leading edge technology for battery and electrical need, so you can quickly complete the sale!

*Now for the Money...

Midtronics will give you a \$300.00 trade-in toward the purchase of an inTELLECT purchased by March 31, 2007.

CALL Len Vogt/Lenco @ 847-223-6100 FOR HELP OR MORE INFORMATION,

UTHORIZED" AIR BUFFER G

THE Cleaner - 16 oz THE Cement - 8 oz THE Filler - Pkg 30

HE Patch-Plug (LG) - Box 15

6.65/Box

1 Box 1 Box

7000509

7.45/Box

3.95/Pkg 4.44/Box

1 Pkg 1 Box

3.0g 2.38

Can

7001885

7001882 7001884

7001883

_ 주 Can

7001886

2-1/8" Box 30

HE Patch-Plug (SM) - Box 20

RBIDE BUPFING WHEE

Air Buffer Kit \$34.50

Article No. 7000827



Carbide Buffing Wheel Kit

 Includes six 2-1/2" buffing wheels and one arbor.

Article No. 7000720

(Pitts v. BFS) BFS/00551

EXHIBIT C

CONDENSED TRANSCRIPT AND INDEX
DEPOSITION OF
WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR.
APRIL 20, 2007
CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:06-CV-1008-ID-SRW
L. JOE PITTS, as Administrator
of the Estate of SANDRA ANN
SPENCER PITTS, Deceased,
Plaintiff,
vs.
BRIDGESTONE AMERICAS HOLDINGS,
INC., et al.,
Defendants.

Birmingham Reporting Service, Inc. 600 20th Street North Suite 205 Birmingham, Alabama 35203 (205) 326-4444

Case 2:06-cv-01DEPOSIFION OF WILLIAM N. 1814ERIDAN, 98., 24/26/2007 Page 3 of 33

Case 2:00-cv-0 IDEPOSITION OF WIDELAN	IN. SHERIDAN, JR., 4/26/2007 Page 3 Osmet (1) of (3
1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	1 1 APPEARANCES
2 FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA	2
3 NORTHERN DIVISION	3 FOR THE PLAINTIFF:
()	4 Hon. Robert P. Bruner
5 CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:06-CV-1008-ID-SRW	5 Lanny Vines & Associates
6	6 2142 Highland Avenue South
7 L. JOE PITTS, as Administrator	7 Birmingham, Alabama, 35205
8 of the Estate of SANDRA ANN	8
9 SPENCER PITTS, Deceased,	9 FOR THE DEFENDANTS:
10 Plaintiff,	10 Hon. Hope T. Cannon
11 vs.	11 Bradley, Arant, Rose & White
12 BRIDGESTONE AMERICAS HOLDINGS, INC.;	12 One Federal Place
13 BRIDGESTONE FIRESTONE NORTH AMERICAN TIRE,	13 1819 Fifth Avenue North
14 LLC; and BFS RETAIL AND COMMERCIAL	14 Birmingham, Alabama, 35203
15 OPERATIONS, LLC, doing business as	15
16 FIRESTONE TIRE & SERVICE CENTERS, jointly	16 OTHERS PRESENT:
17 and severally,	17 Brett Brown
18 Defendants.	18
19	19
20 DEPOSITION	20
21 of	21
22 WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR.	22
23 APRIL 20, 2007	23
IT IS STIPULATED AND AGREED, by and	4
2 between the parties, that the deposition	1 INDEX
3 of WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR., may be taken	2 EXAMINATION BY: PAGE NO.
4 before Julie A. Carroll, Commissioner, at	3 Mr. Bruner 6
5 1819 Fifth Avenue North, Birmingham,	4 EXHIBITS
6 Alabama, 35203, on the 20th day of April,	5 NUMBER PAGE NO.
7 2007.	6 Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 6 7 (Re-Notice of Deposition)
8 IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED	
9 that the signature to and the reading of	······
10 the deposition by the witness is waived,	
11 the deposition to have the same force and	
12 effect as if full compliance had been had	40 51 4 400 5 4 5 5
13 with all laws and rules of Court relating	
14 to the taking of depositions.	44
15 IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED	14 Plaintiff's Exhibit 5 32 15 (12/15/05 invoice)
16 that it shall not be necessary for any	40 51
17 objections to be made by counsel to any	16 Plaintiff's Exhibit 6 78 17 (Tire Resource Manual)
18 questions except as to form or leading	18 Plaintiff's Exhibit 7 86
19 questions, and that counsel for the	19 (Answers to Interrogatories)
20 parties may make objections and assign	20 Plaintiff's Exhibit 8 87
1 grounds at the time of trial, or at the	21 (Tire Demounting, Mounting and Repair)
22 time said deposition is offered in	22 Plaintiff's Exhibit 9 90
23 evidence, or prior thereto.	23 (Quick Start)
	• • • •

					onoce (2)	01 (5
	1	EXHIBITS 5				7
	2	(Cont.)		1	record.	
	3	NUMBER	PAGE NO.	2	A William N. Sheridan, Jr.	
	4	Plaintiff's Exhibit 10	91	3	Q Mr. Sheridan, what's your home	
***************************************	5	(You Auto Know)		4	address?	
1	6	Plaintiff's Exhibit 11	96	5	A It's 153 Brookridge Court,	
-	7	(Training History)		6	Douglasville, Georgia.	
1	8	Plaintiff's Exhibit 12	109	7	Q Okay. And how are you currently	
ı	9	(Organizational Chart)		8	employed?	
1	10	Plaintiff's Exhibit 13	118	9	A I'm employed by Bridgestone	
	11	(RMA Wall Chart)		10	Firestone as the Education Manager for the	е
1	12	•		11	Southeast Zone.	
ı	13			12	Q Okay. And when you say Bridgestor	10
1	14			13	Firestone, I've been dealing with several	
ı	15	•		14	different entities in this case.	
ı	16			15	A Bridgestone Firestone Retail and	
1	17			16	Commercial.	
ı	18		,	17	Q Okay. And tell me that again, the	
ı	19			18	title. I'm sorry.	
	20			19	A Education Manager for the Southeas	t
ı	21			20	Zone.	
Į į	22			21	MS. CANNON: And the name of the	
ı		<u> </u>		22	entity is BFS Retail and Commercial	
Ĺ	23			23	Operations.	
No.	,		6			8
						~

I, JULIE CARROLL, a Court Reporter of Birmingham, Alabama, and a Notary Public for the State of Alabama at large, acting as Commissioner, certify that on this date, as provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the foregoing stipulation of counsel, there came before me at 1819 Fifth Avenue North, Birmingham, Alabama, 35203, beginning at 9:02 a.m., WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR., witness in the above cause, for oral examination, whereupon the following proceedings were had:

WILLIAM N. SHERIDAN, JR., being first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 1 was marked for identification.)

EXAMINATION BY MR. BRUNER: Q Please state your name for the

THE WITNESS: Yeah, BFRC, but that's --

MR. BRUNER: Yeah. And if we can just reach an agreement, I'll call it BFRC from now on.

MS. CANNON: Okay. That's fine. Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) What does the Southeast Zone encompass?

A It encompasses basically the seven southeastern states. We have 13 districts across that area.

Q Okay. And are you based out of Douglasville, or do you work out of --

14 A The zone office is actually in 15 Marietta, Georgia.

Q Okay. How long have you been in that job?

A In that particular position as Education Manager since last June.

Q Okay. And what -- Do you have a written job description somewhere?

A I'm sure there is. I haven't seen a written job description.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

22

23

1 the stores themselves, the people that 2 actually work on the vehicle in the store. 3 Q Okav.

A And supplying technical information 4 5 to the selling associates, as far as 6 vehicle repair. 7

Q How long were you Education Coordinator?

A This time from 2003 until 2006.

Q Okay. You may or may not be aware. but the conduct that's the basis of this lawsuit happened in 2005. So during that time you would have been Education Coordinator for the Southeast Zone: is that right?

16 A Correct.

Q Were you the only one?

A For the Southeast Zone Office, correct.

Q Okay. And then you would have had a boss who was in the role you hold now. which would be Education Manager, is that right?

10

Q And I think I may have asked you. but I don't remember what you said. How long have you been in this specific job?

A In this position since last June. June of 2006.

Q Okay. Prior to that what were you doing?

A I was the Education Coordinator for the Southeast Zone.

Q And how did that differ from what you're doing now? Is that just one step below?

A One step below. That dealt specifically with the technical education.

Q What do you mean by technical education?

A That would be the training of the technicians.

Q Okay. And you use the term technicians. Who is that specifically in the context you're using the term?

A That would be the technicians in

A Correct.

Q Who would that have been at the time?

A At that time that would have been Vic Martin. And to kind of clarify, as far as boss, he was somewhat of a direct report, but both of us direct reported to the Operations Manager at the zone.

Q And who was that during that time period?

A That would have been Chip Franklin.

12 Q And what generally is the role, his 13 role, as Operations Manager?

A Store operations.

Q Okav.

A Anything to do with the store.

Q Okay. Prior to 2003 -- And I think you told me you may have held that position of Education Coordinator multiple times.

21 A Correct.

> Q But immediately prior to when you took it, starting in 2003, what were you

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

14

Greenwood, South Carolina, came back to Atlanta in September, or to the Woodstock location, a suburb of Atlanta, probably September of '02, until March of '03, when I came back to the zone office.

Q Okay. So we're looking about 2000 to 2003 where you're Store Manager at those two different locations?

A Correct.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

22

23

Q Okay. And then you say you came

A I was a technician in a Firestone

Q Okay. And where was that?

A That was in two different stores in

Q Okay. So you would have actually worked in the stores and repaired tires

Q How long prior to 1995 did you do

A I started with Firestone in 1993.

Q Okay. Started out as a technician?

A As a technician.

Q What were you doing prior to 1993?

A I was a technician for a couple of other companies throughout the years prior to that.

20 Q Okay. How long have you been doing 21 that?

A Full-time as a technician actually since I got out of high school in 1969.

back to the zone office. So I'm guessing prior to 2000 you were --

A Prior to that.

Q Was that as Education Coordinator?

A Education Coordinator from 1995 until 2000.

Q Okay. What led you to make those -- go from Education Coordinator to going into the stores?

A I wanted to learn more about the Store Manager's role, the operation of the Store Manager.

Q Okay.

A Learn more of that side of the business.

Q How long, prior to 2000, were you in your role for the first time as **Education Coordinator?**

A From 1995 until 2000.

Q Okay. And this is all in the Southeastern Zone?

A All in the Southeastern Zone.

Q Okay. And what were you doing

Q Okay.

A Other than some time in the military.

Q Okay. And what were those other places you worked at?

A I worked for an independent shop. again in the Atlanta area, same gentleman. for almost 20 years. I left them, went to work for another shop for almost a year and then another shop for probably close to two years.

Q Okay.

13 A And then came to work for 14 Firestone.

> Q Since you graduated high school in '69, have you had any other formal education since that time?

A I actually went to DeKalb Area Technical School for about six months, taking an automotive course.

Q Okay. And while you were -- I may not be phrasing this the best way, so tell me, you know, correct me if I'm wrong.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

18

22

23

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

23

Were you doing basically all types of work that a technician would do at these stores during your career?

A Pretty much. Everything other than, you know, what I will term as major engine or major transmission work. All types of routine maintenance type of work.

Q Okay. Were you involved in tire repairs from the time you started in 1969 until the time you went to --

A Yes, I was.

Q Prior to the time you took the job as Coordinator.

Have you ever been deposed before?

15 A Yes.

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

Q When was the last time?

A Two years ago, maybe.

Q Okay. Do you recall what the nature of that deposition was?

A It was a ball joint failure.

Q Okay. How many -- Do you have an idea of how many times you've been

23 deposed? A Eula Hale.

Q Do you recall where that case was pending, where it was filed?

19

A It was in Alabama, but I don't remember what county or city.

Q Okay. Do you recall any of the attorneys, either the defense attorney or the plaintiff's attorney?

A It was Bradley Arant for the defense.

Q Okay. Do you recall the plaintiff's attorney?

A Quite honestly, no.

Q Fair enough.

15 What materials have you reviewed in preparation for this deposition today? 16 17

A Our tire repair procedure materials

19 Q Okay. And can you be more specific 20 about that? And we can go through some 21 documents later, but --

> A The Quick Start is the name of one of them. The Certified for Excellence

18

A This would be the second.

Q That was the only other time?

A That was the only other time.

Q Okay. And was that deposition concerning work done at a Firestone --

A Yes.

Q -- or BFRC commercial store?

A Yes.

Q I guess BFRC retail store is what I meant to sav.

And what was generally the nature of your testimony in that deposition?

A It was on the technical aspect of ball joints and proper procedure for inspecting ball joints.

Q I gather somebody had made a claim that BFRC had failed to properly inspect a ball joint?

MS. CANNON: Object to the form. Go ahead.

A Correct.

Q Okay. Do you recall the name of that case?

20 1 Dismount, Mount and Repair, and the You 2 Auto Know Volume 1 videotape.

Q is that all that vou've reviewed?

A Yes.

Q Have you reviewed anything I'd call case specific, anything that -- any records of service on my client's vehicle or anything with respect to the work done at the store in Montgomery?

10 A I've seen copies of the invoices. 11

Q Okay. Anything else?

A No.

13 Q Other than your attorneys, have you 14 discussed this case with anyone in 15 preparation for today? 16

A No.

17 Q You haven't talked with anybody 18 that works down at that store in

19 Montgomery? 20

A No.

21 Q Okay. Have you visited the store 22

in Montgomery? In preparation --

A Recently?

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

21

Q Yeah. I'm talking about specifically in preparation --

A No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

Q Okay. I gather from your answer that you have at some point; is that right?

A At some point, but I have no clue when it would be.

Q Okay. Have you examined either the tires that were on the subject vehicle or any photographs of the tires in this case?

A No. I have not.

Q I'm going to hand you what's been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 1, and this is the plaintiff's -- I guess it's a re-notice of deposition of BFRC.

I want to ask you first, have you had an opportunity to look at this prior to right now?

A Yes, I have looked at this.

Q Okay. And when did you first see this document?

A A week ago, two weeks ago, I guess.

objections.

MS. CANNON: Right.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) So I'm still going to walk through this and make sure we know where we are.

23

24

I wanted to look at Number 2, and it's testimony concerning policies and procedures regarding tire puncture repair in passenger and light truck tires at BFRC's retail stores, including the subject store, during the years 2003 through 2006.

Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to that today?

A Yes.

MR. BRUNER: Okay. And Hope, since I haven't had a chance to look at those, if you want to chime in, just so we're all clear.

MS. CANNON: Yeah, I will. Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Number 3. testimony concerning any and all efforts undertaken by BFRC to make sure its

22

Q Okay. And I want to direct your attention to Page 4. And under the heading Subjects on Which Testimony is Requested, the first thing we requested there was testimony concerning any and all repair or service work done by BFRC and/or the subject store on the vehicle involved in the matter made the basis of the plaintiff's claims. And what I want to ask you is, Are you knowledgeable about information requested there and prepared to testify about that today?

A Yes.

MS. CANNON: Let me just also say for the record that we just produced to Bo a copy of our objections to this deposition notice, and Mr. Sheridan is going to be the witness who's been designated as our 30(b)(6) rep for the categories outlined in the depo notice

MR. BRUNER: Okay. Well, I haven't had much of a chance to review the

policies and procedures regarding the 1 2 repair of punctures of passenger and light 3 truck tires were followed at BFRC's retail 4 locations, including the subject store,

during the years 2003 through 2006.

Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify concerning that today?

A Yes.

Q The next one is testimony concerning any and all lawsuits filed against BRFC, BFRC, it should say, making claims for damages of any type allegedly caused by negligent/wanton tire repair done by BFRC during the years 2000 through 2005.

MS. CANNON: That's one of the ones that we had an objection to, very similar to the objections that we made in our interrogatory request that you've already gotten, and I think the objection basically is that it would be overly-burdensome.

other than the ones that we objected to.

BIRMINGHAM REPORTING SERVICE, INC.

Page 21 to Page 24

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

26

25

MR. BRUNER: Sure.

MS. CANNON: There's no way, based on the way that the lawsuits are organized, for BFRC, without going through each lawsuit that's been filed, to find out whether it was for a negligent/wanton tire repair.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) And we're going to seek to resolve that at some point. but it's fair to say you're not prepared to testify to those matters today?

A Correct.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

MR. BRUNER: Okay. Number 5 is another, and you can read it there. another one concerning lawsuits, and I assume the answer is the same.

MS. CANNON: Actually, on Number 5, what we -- Let me read it. On Number 5, consistent with the interrogatory responses, there have been no lawsuits filed against BFRC for negligent or wanton tire repair.

MR. BRUNER: Okay.

has any knowledge of any of those complaints.

MR. BRUNER: Sure. He's just not designated for that.

MS. CANNON: Right.

MR. BRUNER: And Number 7, I would assume, is the same.

MS. CANNON: Number 7, I think, in our objections, and it should be consistent with our interrogatory responses, BFRC is not aware of any complaints alleged against the subject store during those years for negligent tire repair, or, as you put it here. improper tire repair.

MR. BRUNER: Okay.

MS. CANNON: But that obviously 18 would be limited to anything that's -- You know, they're not aware of anything that's been submitted in writing.

> MR. BRUNER: Sure. Any complaints to them.

MS. CANNON: Right.

MS. CANNON: And therefore there was no reason to put up a witness to talk about lawsuits.

MR. BRUNER: Okay.

MS. CANNON: For Number 5.

MR. BRUNER: Number 6 is testimony concerning complaints of any nature or type regarding any alleged improper tire repair done by BFRC during the years 2000 through 2005.

MS. CANNON: We made the objection in the depo notice, very consistent with the objection made in the interrogatories, that that is just -- There's no way for BFRC to -- It's overly-burdensome to figure that out, because that's not how complaints are organized.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Is it fair to say you're not knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to that?

A Correct.

MS. CANNON: I will say, though, that you can ask Mr. Sheridan whether he

1 Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Number 8. 2 testimony concerning any and all training 3 BFRC provided to or required of its 4 employees concerning the repair of tire 5 punctures during the years 2003 through 6 2006. 7

Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to that today?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Number 9, testimony concerning any and all training BFRC and/or the subject store provided to or required of those individuals who performed the work on the decedent's vehicle at any point in time. And that's specifically directed to folks who worked on my client's car.

Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to that today?

A Yes.

Q Number 10, testimony concerning any and all documents provided by BFRC to the subject store, other stores, and any

28

employees, regarding tire puncture repair, during the years 2003 through 2006.

Same question. Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to that today?

A Yes.

Q Number 11, testimony concerning record-keeping practices and procedures at BFRC and the subject store.

Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to that today?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Testimony concerning the relationship between BFRC, Bridgestone Americas Holdings, and Bridgestone Firestone North American Tire, LLC.

Are you knowledgeable of those matters?

19 A Yes.

Q Prepared to testify to that today?

A (Witness nods head affirmatively.)

Q Number 13, testimony concerning any materials provided to BFRC and/or the

personal knowledge, are you -- I guess I need clarification there.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Sure. Ithink that's fair. Other than the repair invoices you've looked at, do you have any other knowledge of repair work done on her car?

A No. I've only seen the repair invoices.

Q Okay. And I believe we established you haven't talked to anybody at that store about this case; is that right?

A That is correct. I have not.

Q Do you have any knowledge of who would have dealt with Sandra Pitts on the occasions reflected in those invoices that you have seen?

MS. CANNON: You're asking him who worked on the vehicle?

MR. BRUNER: Yeah.

MS. CANNON: I think, if he looked at the invoices, he would be able to tell you who worked on the vehicle, because

subject store by Bridgestone Americas Holdings, Inc., Bridgestone Firestone North American Tire, LLC, or any other Bridgestone/Firestone entity, during the years 2003 to 2006, which in any way

address tire puncture repair.

Are you knowledgeable of those matters and prepared to testify to them today?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Mr. Sheridan, do you have any personal knowledge of the work that was performed on Sandra Pitts's car at the subject store? And when I say subject store, I mean to say the Montgomery store, but --

MS. CANNON: Madison Avenue store.

MR. BRUNER: Yeah.

MS. CANNON: There are several stores in Montgomery.

MR. BRUNER: Are there several? Okay. The Madison Avenue store in Montgomery.

THE WITNESS: When you're saying

they're all identified in there.

THE WITNESS: Right.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Anything other than -- Your knowledge again, with respect to who worked on it, would be limited to those?

A Would be limited to looking at invoices. Correct.

Q Okay. And of course, you never spoke to Sandra Pitts?

A No.

MR. BRUNER: Okay. Let's look at those invoices.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibits 2-5 were marked for identification.)

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) I'm going to hand you what's been marked as Plaintiff's Number 2, and this is the -- We were provided four invoices, and I have organized them in date order, and I'm going to walk through them with you in

date order and just ask you some questions about them.

Tell me basically how this invoice, how this document we're looking at as Plaintiff's Exhibit 2 is generated.

A This is generated through our point of sale terminal. A selling associate in the store, customer service advisor, if you will, you know, would actually type into the POS terminal, you know, the customer's name and vehicle information and then their request for service.

Q Okay. Is there a way to tell on this who types that in?

A In this particular case, in the top right corner, it shows that the service advisor was Teammate Number 04 JD.

Q Okay. Do you know who that is?

A Quite honestly, no.

Q Sure. I understand.

A I personally don't.

MS. CANNON: We can provide that name to you before --

A When they pay for their invoice. Correct.

Q Okay. And under a heading that says *Retail Sale*, that appears to be listing the work that was done; is that correct?

A Correct.

Q And here it looks like she had an oil change?

A Correct.

Q And it shows courtesy check down there below oil change. What is a courtesy check?

A A courtesy check is a no-charge service that we provide to our customers, upon request, obviously, or unless they deny the service, where we're going to check their fluid levels, their belts and hoses, tires, tire pressure, and such.

Q Okay. And there beneath courtesy check, it lists technicians, and I assume those are the people that worked on the car; is that right?

MR. BRUNER: Yeah, we can --MS. CANNON: You know, during a break.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) We can work all that out.

In this -- Of course, it's got the vehicle identified at the top; is that right?

A Uh-huh. Correct.

Q And the date, with the time in and out; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And what does that time in and out -- Is that when the customer comes and then when the customer picks it up?

A That is correct, or that's the time -- Excuse me. That *out*, yes, would be the time that they left. I'm sorry.

Q Okav.

A I was thinking that was the time due, but that's --

Q When they actually drive off with the vehicle?

A That would be the technician that was assigned to work on the vehicle.

Correct.

Q Okay. And how does that work? How does that get assigned to a certain technician? How does that work?

A It basically would depend on the type of work that was to be done on it, the qualifications of the technician, you know, obviously, and then, if there were multiple technicians with that qualification, whichever would be the first available.

Q Okay. And there is listed the number 20 and P. Clemons under Technicians; is that right?

A Correct.

18 MS. CANNON: P. Clemons, but it is 19 Pete.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) It is Pete?

21 A Yes

Q Okay. Do you know Pete Clemons?

23 A Personally, no.

Q Okay. What, if anything, do you know about Pete Clemons?

A I know his education history from looking back at what training courses he has attended. At some point in time I could have very easily have met him. But here again, with the number of stores I deal with, I couldn't say for sure that --

Q Where was it that you looked up his training history?

A Through our computer system.

Q Okay. And would that be something that somebody at your organization could retrieve for me, provide to your defense lawyers?

A Could they retrieve it?

Q Yeah. I mean, is it possible to retrieve it?

A Sure.

Q Okay. What's that look like? Is it just a list of all the training he has personally had?

A Correct.

questions -- He can give you general ideas of what Pete took. But if you actually want to see the list, we can take a break and get the --

MR. BRUNER: Have you got it here? MS. CANNON: Or I can get it, and then you can ask him about it, to keep him from having to come back up, if you actually want to see the list.

MR. BRUNER: Yeah, let's do that, and then we don't have to do it --

MS. CANNON: Okay. Do you want to do it now, or do you want to just kind of break at a normal breaking point?

MR BRUNER: Is it something you've got here in the office, or is it something that's going to take you a minute?

MS. CANNON: I don't know. I'll have to check.

MR. BRUNER: Why don't we go ahead and take a little break, just so you can get that moving, if it's going to take some time.

Q Okay. And do you have that for every technician in your zone?

A I can retrieve that for every one. Correct.

Q And I'm going to write you a letter. I'm not going to stop and say to request things on the record, but I'll write you a letter after this for things.

What do you recall about -- When you looked at the training Mr. Clemons has had, do you remember what it was?

A Every individual item? No, quite honestly not. There was quite a few on there.

Q Do you recall how long he had been with the company? Can you tell that by looking at that?

A You could tell when he completed his first education piece, but I do not remember what the date was

MS. CANNON: Bo, just so that Bill doesn't -- You know, we don't want to put him up twice, obviously. If there are

MS. CANNON: Okay. Do you want to take a break right now?

MR. BRUNER: Yeah. I mean, I don't have to ask him about it right now, but I don't want to request it an hour from now and then not have time.

MS. CANNON: Okay.

(Whereupon, a brief recess was taken.)

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) I think the next page on Plaintiff's Exhibit 2 says Recommended Services not Authorized by Customer. I gather that's exactly what it says. Do you have the same one I do?

16 A (Indicating).

Q Yeah, you do. Is this service that was recommended that she chose not to do?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And at the back of that page, it looks like a warranty page, and then the next page has *Work Order* in the top left. What is that?

20

21

22

23

box?

remaining on the tire.

A Measured in 32nds.

Q Okay.

A It is the box for the tread depth

Q Okay. So this --

items as the vehicle is equipped.

A And that's a paying service. The

customer pays for the vehicle inspection.

20

22

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

you know, his writing here, you know, cupped out would be irregular wear patterns on the tire, having some waviness in the tire, where the tire is wearing improperly. The dry-rotted, you know, he must have seen some cracking in the tires due to age.

Q Above that box it has a tire size, a place to put the tire size and a place to put the tire speed rating?

A Correct.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

Q Is there anywhere that the identity of the specific tires are recorded? Do they put the DOT numbers on this anywhere?

A No. there is none.

Q Okay. I'll hand you what's been marked as Plaintiff's 3, and this is a record dated 2/26/05. On this one the service advisor is W, 01 W, in the upper right-hand corner. Do you know who that is?

A I do not, not by just the initial

Q Okay. Is there any way to tell on 3 this Exhibit 3 who did what work on Mrs. 4 Pitts's car?

A Yes, sir, there is.

Q How is that?

A At the top, where it says Article Number, and then next is ID.

Q Right.

A You can look down at the technician's ID number, and you can see the Number 20 performed certain services. and the Number 12 performed certain services. Number 12 would be K. Young.

Q Okav.

A Number 20 would be P. Clemons.

Q Okay. And next to the headings that show what work was done, there's also Number 01. Does that refer to the service advisor?

20 21

A That was just the service advisor.

Q Okay. And that's just showing he assigned the job?

49 1 A That he was the one that took that 1 and the filler unit are two different 2 particular job in or printed the -- you 2 pieces? 3 know, took that information from the 3 A Correct. customer. 4 Q Okay. And then beneath that, it 5 Q Okay. And you may have just told 5 says flat repair labor, is that right? me, but what's the difference between TS 6 6 A Correct. 7 and NS? Do you see what I'm referring to? 7 Q And that's \$11; is that correct? A Honestly, I'm personally not sure. 8 8 A Correct. 9 Q Okay. So this record indicates 9 Q And does that reflect the labor of that Number 20, which is P. Clemons, did 10 10 doing everything involved in repairing the the tire repair and the courtesy check; is 11 11 tire? 12 that right? 12 A Correct. 13 A Correct. 13 Q Okay. With a patch-plug or a patch 14 Q And next to tire repair it says 14 and filler? 15 wheel removal. We'll talk about this 15 A Correct. later, but right now I just want to ask 16 Q Then the next page, again we have 16 you, What is that there for, or what does 17 the work order, and the work order doesn't 17 18 that indicate? 18 have the tire repair on there. Am I 19 A Taking the tire off the vehicle missing it, or is this a correct 19 20 itself to repair it. 20 statement? 21 Q Okay. And then below that it says 21 A That's correct. flat repair, patch-plug. What is that? 22 22 Q Do you know why that is? A That would be the part that was 23 23 A It appears that, when the customer 50 52 used or the type of repair. It was either 1 originally came in, they came in a patch or a patch-plug. 2 2 requesting the oil change and the courtesy 3 Q Okay. And was that --3 check. It could be, and I would have to MS. CANNON: Bill, I think you may 4 look at the form further to find out, but 4 5 have said that wrong. You said it was 5 it appears that we possibly recommended by 6 either a patch or a patch-plug. 6 way of seeing, you know, the need for the THE WITNESS: Well, a patch-plug or 7 7 flat repair once the tire was -- once the 8 a filler and patch. Excuse me. 8 vehicle was brought into the shop. 9 Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Can we say that 9 Q Okay. Go ahead and look at that 10 again? I'm sorry. 10 further and tell me if you can see that A It would either have been done with 11 11 anywhere. 12 a patch-plug or a filler and patch. 12 A On the back side of the inspection Q Okay. Let me clarify right now 13 13 form, you can see, in the notation, left before we move ahead. What is a -- Let's 14 14 rear flat repair. take those two in turn. What is a 15 15 Q Okay. 16 patch-plug? 16 A So the technician apparently found A A patch-plug is actually a 17 17 something -one-piece unit that has the patch itself 18

18

19

20

21

22

23

Q After?

courtesy check.

A Right.

generated?

A Correct. While performing the

Q After the work order had been

Q Okay.

as well as the filler made onto it.

A And the other would be a two-piece

Q Okay. And that's where the patch

19

20

71

Ž2

23

unit.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

54

53

Q What is 950K6 that's in handwriting there on the work order?

A That appears to be the part number for the serpentine belt that was installed.

Q Okay.

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

22

23

A When you look on the front side, you can see that that's the part number that was billed out.

Q Okay. And then looking on the back page of Plaintiff's 3, it appears that this is again the record for the courtesy check, isn't it?

A Correct.

Q And looking back to the tire services, or tires and tire services.

23 again we have another examination of the recommending the repair of the tire.

Q Okay. The way you answer that, do you have any knowledge of whether -- I mean, it appears they did repair the tire from the first sheet.

55

56

A Well, and I was referring to just what it says on this side --

Q Okay.

9 A - the technician recommended. According to the actual billing invoice, 10 it appears they repaired that tire. 11

Q Okay. In any event, we know she paid for it to be repaired; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Okav.

A And that's what I say. When the technician turns this copy in, it's only showing his recommendations. This shows nothing about what the customer actually purchased.

Q Okay.

A This is strictly a recommendation 22 23 form, if you will.

tires as part of that courtesy check; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And at that point the box there with the 32nds, is that showing two measurements taken on the tire tread?

A That's what it appears to be, yes.

Q Okay. And each of them appears to be seven 32nds?

A Correct.

Q And so is that, just for clarity, is that where the technician is taking it from two different spots on the tire?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And at this point all the tires are marked as acceptable; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And then there is a flat repair notation there at the bottom right that shows a left rear tire was repaired; is that correct?

A It shows that they were

1 Q When he does that --

A This --

Q I'm sorry. Go ahead. I didn't mean to cut you off.

A Just this side of the form is only showing recommendations, not actual purchases.

Q Okay.

MS. CANNON: And that's the back 10 page of the second page of Exhibit 3. 11

MR. BRUNER: BFS 36.

THE WITNESS: Okav.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) When they're doing the courtesy check and making the examination reflected in the tires, at the tire services box, is the car on the lift, or is that done -- Does it not have to be done on the lift?

A It should be on the lift.

Q Okay. Would they -- If you had something like this puncture repair, would the tire, would the car come off the lift until the client approved it, or would

59 1 MR. BRUNER: Oh. no. 2 MS. CANNON: It just has mileage. MR. BRUNER: Right. What I'm 3 4 pointing out is the difference between the 5 two. 6 MS. CANNON: Okay. 7 Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) You have a date 8 and then a time, and then an Est. And 9 I'm assuming that's not Eastern Standard 10 Time, because we're not on Eastern 11 Standard Time in Montgomery, but Est. 12 mileage, I assume that's estimated mileage; is that correct? 13 14 A Correct. 15 Q What is that, and how is that 16 number arrived at? 17 A That number is arrived at -- The 18 selling associate would ask the customer. "Approximately how many miles are on your 19

Q Okay. Say that again. I'm sorry.

A At the initial write-up of the ticket, when the customer service teammate

58

20

21

22

23

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

car?"

appears on this sheet, is K. Young; is that right?

A Correct.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

Q The next page, I guess that's a coupon she used. And then on BFS 9, we have the work order; is that right?

A Correct.

Q I've noticed on the work orders, I believe this is an accurate statement with respect to the others, at the top there, where it says in -- Are you with me?

A Uh-huh.

Q Out to the side there's an estimated mileage.

MS. CANNON: Object to the form. I don't know why you say *estimated*. It's just *mileage*.

MR. BRUNER: Well, it has *Est.* in front of it. Is that Eastern Standard Time?

MS. CANNON: Where are you -- Oh, I'm sorry. I was looking at the first page.

is getting the vehicle information from the customer. "What type of car do you

the customer, "What type of car do you have? What year is your car?

4 Approximately how many miles are on it?"

5 And that's logged into the system.
6 Q Okay. If we turn back to the

Q Okay. If we turn back to the front page of this exhibit, the mileage listed there is 48,856 miles, and my first question is where does that mileage —

A That's the exact mileage off the car that the technician or the selling associate would actually log in once the vehicle comes into the shop to be worked on.

Q Well, it was my understanding, and I may have been incorrect, that the work order comes after the customer invoice is started.

A No. The customer invoice, what you're seeing as the invoice here, is the actual billing copy once the vehicle is complete.

Q Okay.

A This is the first initial write-up, when the customer comes in to the counter. Q Okay.

A When they first come into the store.

Q Okay. And so that's the customer's estimate of mileage on the vehicle?

A Correct.

Q And on the back of this exhibit, BFS 10, the courtesy check and vehicle inspection are blank; is that right?

A With the exception of the mileage that is actually on the vehicle that is logged in.

Q Okay. And five days later -- I'll hand you what's been marked as Plaintiff's Number 5, and that is from December 15th, 2005; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And it's five days after Plaintiff's Exhibit 4, I believe; is that right?

23 A Yes.

at the records, is there any difference between the repair recorded there?

A Referring to the type of repair?

Q Right.

A The type of repair appears to be the same, yes.

Q Okay. I believe the only thing different is the price went up a dollar on the -- It looks like the price went up a dollar on the labor and the materials.

A Correct.

Q Okay. Is there any other type of tire repair that would appear, ever appear, on a customer invoice or work order?

A No. If I'm understanding your question right, no.

Q Yeah. Okay.

A That's the type repair we do in our stores.

MS. CANNON: Any other -- I'm sorry. Any other tire repair or any other flat repair?

Q And here we have another tire repair - wheel removal and a courtesy check; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And again this appears it was all done by Mr. Clemons; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Looking at the work order, it reflects the same information; is that right? Tire repair and courtesy check?

A Correct.

Q And the flat repair, tire repair here, is there anything on this document that makes you think it was any different than the one reflected in our prior exhibit from 2/26/05?

MS. CANNON: Object to the form.

A I'm not quite sure what you're -- what you're asking there.

Q Is there any difference between --From looking at the records -- And I realize you haven't looked at the car or anything, or the tires. But from looking MR. BRUNER: I was asking generally, tire repair in general.

THE WITNESS: I guess I don't --When you're saying tire repair, what are you --

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) And I frankly don't know what other tire repairs are out there, so I'm just asking you.

A If you're referring to a puncture repair, you know, where a tire has been punctured by something, that is the type of repair we use.

Q Okay. Is there any other type of tire repair that's done at BFRC stores other than puncture repairs?

A You could possibly have something where a tire is leaking, and it may be initially written as a tire repair, and you'd replace a valve stem.

Q Okay.

A Where a stem was leaking, but -- Q Now, on the last page of this

exhibit, BFS 14, we have the courtesy

65 check, vehicle inspection, and that's all 1 of this store was at the time of these blank, isn't it, except for, again, the 2 2 services? 3 mileage; is that right? 3 A I've been told who the manager was, A Correct. 4 but I haven't confirmed that, if you will. Q And in fact, it appears from the 5 5 Q And who have you been told that it 6 records the customer requested or at least 6 is? did not decline the courtesy check here; 7 7 A A gentleman by the name of Butch. 8 is that right? 8 Q Okay. You don't -- That's his A That's what it appears, yes. 9 9 first name. I assume? 10 Q Okay. Looking at this record, do 10 A First name. you know any reason why the courtesy check 11 11 Q Okay. You don't know Butch's last was not at least filled out on this 12 12 name? 13 record? 13 A I don't. I'd have to look it up to A From looking at this, no. 14 14 find out. 15 Q Okay. Were there any other -- And 15 Q Okay. Do you know if he's still at you may not remember this. Were there any 16 16 the store? other records that you reviewed with 17 17 A As far as I know. respect to my clients, this vehicle of my 18 18 Q Okay. And I assume those records clients, of work done at Montgomery, at 19 19 -- Would he have punched a time card, or the Madison Avenue store? 20 20 would there be other records of who was A This vehicle? 21 21 the manager there? 22 Q Yeah. 22 A The technician, each teammate 23 A No. 23 actually logs themselves into the time 66

Q Okay. Do you have any other knowledge whatsoever of any other work done on this vehicle at any time?

MS. CANNON: By Firestone or by anyone?

MAD

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

MR. BRUNER: By anybody.

THE WITNESS: By anybody? No.

MS. CANNON: I'm sorry. I guess you're asking Bill if he personally knows that, because obviously y'all have provided some interrogatory responses that indicate there was other work done.

MR. BRUNER: Yeah.

MS. CANNON: But he has not --

THE WITNESS: I personally have not

seen anything other than these.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Okay. Would there be somewhere a record of the people working at the store on the days these services were provided?

A There should be time cards.

22 Correct.

Q Okay. Do you know who the manager

1 clock as they come and go to work.

Q Okay. And is that everybody that works at the store, including the manager?

A The manager does not use a time card.

Q Okay. And is there -- Is it only one manager for the store?

A Correct.

Q And is he -- I assume he can't always be on duty; is that right?

A No.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

12 Q Who is in charge of the store when 13 the manager is not there?

A Whoever, you know, would be the designate, you know, but there wouldn't necessarily be somebody that was actually assigned the position code of assistant manager.

Q Okay. And I gather you don't have any knowledge of who that designate would be on any of these given instances?

A No, I do not.

Q Okay. We touched on what you did,

68

and I think I kind of got into the history of your career before I really got into what exactly you do in this role.

A Uh-huh.

Q And I think we touched on it in broad strokes, but right now you're the --Let me make sure I've got this right. You're the Education Manager?

A Correct.

Q Okay. Exactly what do you do in that role?

A In that role I will, you know, actually teach varying classes, depending on, you know, what class at the time. I will assist in roll-out of new projects, if you will, and new training materials, will kind of help keep records on what trainings have been done, you know, by varying people throughout the districts.

Q Okay. Does that include going to the stores yourself and doing training?

A Typically I do not go directly to stores. I would go to a district office

A As an Education Coordinator, there's only one.

Q Okay.

A There is the Education Manager and then the Education Coordinator.

Q Okay. And how is that job different than Education Manager?

A Well, the Education Coordinator is responsible, if you will, for the technical education.

Q Okay. And you told me that before. And as you've described those roles to me just now, has that been consistent from 2005 until this time?

A Correct.

Q We discussed the materials, some of these materials that are provided to the technicians and to the stores. Is there anything that you, in your job as either Education Manager or Education Coordinator, relied on, that's not included in those materials, that go to

where we have a meeting room, and I would bring people in to me, you know, to conduct training classes. On occasion I have, you know, gone directly to a store, but that's not the typical way it's done.

Q Okay. Do you have involvement in setting -- I guess you do -- in developing what training is provided?

A Most of the training that we use is developed through our home office in Bloomingdale.

Q Okay. Is that BFRC's home office?

A That's BFRC's home office.

Q Okay. And is it fair to say your primary responsibility then is to implement those trainings?

A Correct.

Q How many -- You used to have the job of Education Coordinator. How many Education Coordinators do you have under -- And I realize hierarchy may not be exactly right, but how many Education Coordinators now in the Southeast?

A We, on occasion, have had some
outside vendors come in and train, teach
some classes for us, you know, on varying
subjects, depending on what the need would
be. But pretty much anything that, you
know, that we have, education-wise, comes
out of our Bloomingdale office.

the technicians and to the stores?

Q Okay. Is there an Education Manager Manual or a guidebook or anything of that nature?

A No.

Q Okay. Now, I'm understanding from the interrogatory answers and some of what you've said here today that it is the policy of BFRC that a tire puncture repair be repaired with either a -- Why don't you tell me, so I can get it exactly right.

A Okay. Either a patch-plug or a patch and filler.

Q Okay. And the patch-plug is the product with the patch and the plug integrated into one unit; is that correct?

A The filler integrated into one.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

74

73

Correct.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

Q Okay. And a patch-filler is the two separate pieces; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And my understanding is that the indication for the patch-plug and the patch-filler has to do with the angle of the injury?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And explain that to me.

A Well, on a patch and filler, it can be used on any tire repair, you know, as long as it is within the designated place and not, you know, over a quarter inch in size.

A patch-plug combination, if you will, that is only used when the angle of the puncture is at less than 25 degrees, 25 degrees or less from 90 degrees, from straight in.

Q Okay. And you understand that plaintiff's claims here involve -- Our claim is that a string plug was used by A That is correct.

Q Okay. And for the jury's benefit. tell us how that string-only plug repair works.

MS. CANNON: I'm sorry. Object to the from. The position is that the string-only repairs are not appropriate. but you're asking how the string-only --

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Yeah, I mean. I'm assuming you are aware that's been done, from your history in the industry. you know what that type of repair is.

A Yeah. It's against our policy to ever use a string-only.

Q Right.

A Because that is an improper tire repair. It is not the proper way to repair a tire.

Q Okay. And why is it improper? A Because it would not properly seal the tire. And I guess I'm going to have

21 22 to go into an explanation as to why you 23

should do it the other way.

itself. Have you been made aware of that? A Yes.

Q Okay. First of all, do you have any independent knowledge of whether --And I think, from what I've asked you before, we've established this isn't the case. But do you have any independent knowledge of whether that is the case or not in this case?

MS. CANNON: I think what he's asking -- Well, he's already testified that he hasn't seen the tire.

MR. BRUNER: Yeah.

MS. CANNON: So he's just asking if you know whether his allegation is correct or not.

THE WITNESS: No, I do not know if it's correct or not.

Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) Okay. And it is my understanding that it is BFRC's position that it is never appropriate to use a string plug repair by itself on a tire.

The filler itself actually seals the tire, if you will, from the outside in, to keep moisture, dirt, anything from getting into the inner layers of the tire. Okay? The patch itself is what actually seals the air into the inner liner of the tire.

Q Okay. And so without -- In the string plug repair by itself, there's no patch on the inner liner; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And therefore that allows air to get into the inner liner; is that right?

A Could you repeat that?

Q Without the patch on the inner liner, in a string-only repair -- Are you with me so far?

A Uh-huh.

Q I believe you testified, and correct me if I'm wrong, that that allows -- That does not seal the inner liner; is that right?

A It would allow the air to escape from the inner liner.

76

75

BIRMINGHAM REPORTING SERVICE, INC.

77 Q Okay. Allows the air to escape 1 improperly repaired tire is dangerous. An 2 from the inner liner. 2 improper repair can cause further damage Okay. Has there ever -- You've been 3 to the tire. It may suddenly fail, at Firestone for some time. You've been 4 causing serious personal injury or death. 5 at BFRC for some time. Has there ever 5 Did I read that correctly? 6 been any other policy with respect to tire 6 A Correct. 7 puncture repair while you've been there? 7 Q And is that a correct statement? 8 A No. 8 A Correct. 9 Q In your entire time in the 9 Q And is that knowledge held by BFRC industry, has that been the standard, that 10 10 in 2005, when the repairs we've been 11 a repair which both fills a puncture and 11 talking about here today were done? 12 seals the inner liner be used? 12 A Correct. 13 A The tire manufacturers have always 13 Q In fact, have you known that the said that you should fill it that way. 14 14 entire time you've been with BFRC? 15 Q Okay. Do you agree that, in 2005, 15 A Yes. that was the industry standard for tire 16 16 Q Turning to the next page, under 17 puncture repair? 17 Tire Repair Limits, the third bullet point 18 A Yes. 18 down says, Repairs of all tires, radial 19 Q Okay. 19 and non-radial, must be of the plug and 20 A To the best of my knowledge, yes. 20 inside patch type. Using plugs alone on 21 21 any type of tire is not a safe repair. 22 (Whereupon, a brief recess was taken.) 22 Did I read that correctly? 23 23 A Correct. 78 1 (Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 6 1 Q And is that a correct statement? was marked for identification.) 2 2 A Yes. 3 3 Q And was that BFRC's position at the 4 Q This is marked as Plaintiff's 6. 4 time, in 2005, when these repairs were 5 Do you recognize the document I've marked 5 done? 6 as Plaintiff's 6 and handed you? 6 A Yes. 7 A Yes, I do. 7 Q I want to direct your attention two 8 Q What is that? 8 bullet points below that. It says, Any 9 A That's our Tire Resource Manual. 9 tire repair done without removing the tire 10 Q And how is this used at BFRC? 10 from the rim is improper. 11 A This is used, you know, by store 11 Did I read that correctly? teammates, to help identify, you know, 12 12 A Correct. some of the procedures on tires and 13 13 Q And is that a correct statement? 14 products that we sell. 14 A Yes. Q And you keep using the term 15 15 Q What does that -- Why is that, if teammates. That's basically employees? 16 16 you could explain to us?

21

22

23

17 A There's no way to put the patch on 18 the inside of the tire without removing it 19 from the rim. 20

Q Okay. I'll direct your attention to Page 63. It's BFS 549. It says, Failure to follow procedures and recommendations could result in sudden

A Correct.

A Employees, Correct

Repairs, it states, Driving on an

Q BFRC parlance for employees?

attention to Page -- It's Page 61 on this,

and it's BRC 547. Right there under Tire

Q Okay. I want to direct your

17

18

19

20

1

22

23

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

16

82

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

81

tire failure, property damage, personal injury or death. And I could go into more for context, but take a look at it. The procedures and recommendations they're talking about there are using the plug and inside patch type of repair: is that right? Is that fair?

A Correct.

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

22

23

Q Okay. Your location should follow all procedures outlined in this certification program -- I'm sorry. Let me start over. That's not clear.

Failure to follow the procedures and recommendations could result in sudden tire failure, property damage, personal injury or death.

We can agree that that's referring to having a plug and inside patch type repair; is that right?

A That is correct. That is the proper procedure.

Q Okay. And that is a correct statement, that failure to follow that string-only repair, because that's not a correct repair. It will not properly repair the tire.

Q Okay. And because that can result in a tire failure that can cause serious injury or death; is that right?

A Yes.

Q And a string-only repair does not require the tire to be removed from the vehicle, does it?

A It would not require it, no.

Q Okay. In fact, it doesn't even 12 have to be put on the lift to have that 13 14 type of repair done, does it? 15

A It would not have to be, depending on the location of puncture.

17 Q Okay. And it certainly involves less time than doing a proper repair, 18 19 doesn't it?

20 A I would think so.

21 Q Okay. By very definition, it 22 involves less materials; is that right? 23

A Yes.

procedure could result in injury or death; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And BFRC knew that to be true in 2005; is that right?

A Yes.

Q And they knew that to be true during the time you've worked for them; is that right?

A Yes.

Q And BFRC specifically knew that a string-plug-only repair can result in tread belt separation; is that right?

A It's not our policy to use those. no.

Q Okay. But what I'm asking, and the answer implied, I guess, no. Did BFRC know that the use of a string-plug-only repair could result in tread separation?

MS. CANNON: Object to the form.

A I guess I'm not following you, or maybe I didn't -- You know, it's never been our policy to do it with a

Q Okay. Have you been aware, at your time at BFRC, of any stores that were performing -- and I'm talking about BFRC stores -- that were performing string-only repairs?

A No. I have not.

Q Okay. Before this lawsuit was filed, did you have, or did anybody at BFRC, to your knowledge, have any indication that the Madison Avenue store in Montgomery was performing string-only-type repairs?

A No.

Q Since this lawsuit has anything been done to determine whether the Madison Avenue store in Montgomery is still performing string-only-type repairs?

MS. CANNON: Object to the form. There's no foundation laid that they are performing those to still be performing those.

22 Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) You can still 23 answer it.

A Correct.
Q Okay. And the first one there is
Tire Demount, and then it has Mount and
Repair. Is that two different, or is Tire
Demount one -A That is all one module, one book.
Q Tire Demount, Mount and Repair, is
that correct?
A Correct.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 8
was marked for identification.)

Q Okay. And I don't want to walk
through the whole thing with you, but let
me hand you a copy of what I've been
provided with that title.
Is that Tire Demount, Mount and
Repair?
A Yes, it is.
Q And that's a workbook, and is that
-- or you tell me. Is that a workbook, is

organization has ever discussed with Mr. Clemons whether he has performed string-only repairs on tires?

A To my knowledge personally, no.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 7 was marked for identification.)

Q I've handed you what I've marked as Plaintiff's Number 7, Mr. Sheridan, and I want to direct your attention to Interrogatory Number 7 therein. It's on Page 4.

The interrogatory asks, Identify and describe with specificity all efforts undertaken by BFRC to make sure that its policies and procedures regarding the repair of punctures in passenger and light truck tires were followed by its retail locations during the years 2003 to 2006.

And then I don't need to read it, but I'll show you there, underneath, the answer lists several, a number of

1 it part of a class, or is it --

A That is a self-study module, what we deem as a self-study module.

(Whereupon, a discussion was held off the record.)

Q I'm sorry. You were answering. Do you need me to repeat the question?

A Please.

Q How is this -- It looks like a book here. How is that used?

12 here. How is that used?
13 A That is a self-study

A That is a self-study, a self-paced, self-study module.

Q Okay. And is that required to be used by BFRC?

A Yes, it is, by the technicians.

Q Okay. Is it part of initial training or regular training or --

A It's part of regular training.

Q Okay. And I think you can agree with me, to eliminate the necessity of going through all these documents, there's

BIRMINGHAM REPORTING SERVICE, INC.

	DEI COITION OF MILLIAM
	89
1	not going to be a BFRC document that we go
2.	through that's going to endorse the use of
3	a string-only repair; is that right?
1	A No, there is not.
5	Q Okay. Is there a You said it's
3	a self-study manual. Is there a classroom
7	component of Tire Demounting and Mounting?
}	A No, there is not.
)	Q Okay. The next thing in the

Q Okay. The next thing in the interrogatories, and this is on Page Number 4 of Exhibit 8, or Exhibit 7, I'm sorry, is Quick Start. What is Quick Start?

A That is another self-paced module. And I say self-paced. Self-paced, self-study.

Q Okay. How do you make sure your technicians complete these self-paced modules?

A Through monthly reporting that shows completions.

Q How does the monthly reporting do that I guess is what I'm getting at.

A Yes, I assume, without looking page by page.

Q Sure.

A But I assume it's the whole thing.

Q I understand. And again this is all a self-study program; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Okay. What about You Auto Know, which is the next thing listed there?

10 A That is also a self-paced, 11 self-study.

Q Okay. And I believe this one, there are some videotapes associated with it; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Is there any classroom component to it, other than perhaps sitting in a classroom and watching the videotape?

A There is no classroom component to it.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 10was marked for identification.)

A Well, it's actually a monthly reporting, as well as now, and in 2005, the stores would get an e-mail as somebody completed, you know, a particular course.

Q Would get an e-mail from who?

A From home office.

Q Okay. How did the home office know that the person had completed the course?

A it would be recorded through the computer system.

Q Okay. And I guess what I'm getting at, is there a test they take and send in, or is there --

A Correct. Yes, there is.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 9 was marked for identification.)

Q I'll hand you what's been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 9. Is that Quick Start?

A Yes, it is.

Q Okay. Is that the whole thing?

Q I'll hand you what's been marked as Plaintiff's 10. Is that the written portion of that study module?

A Yes, it is.

Q Okay. And when is that designed to be provided to the technicians in the course of their working for Firestone?

A Early on in their career.

Q Okay. The next thing listed here in this interrogatory is new employee training.

A Correct.

14 Q And what is that?

A We have a new teammate orientation program that we started -- I was trying to think. I'd hate to get pinned down on a year as to when we started that, but it was in place in '95.

Q Okay.

A Anybody prior to that may or may not have attended.

Q Okay.

A Excuse me. I said '95. '05.

Q And was there any written portion of it, or any manual or book like we have here?

A No, not -- Well, yes, there was, but it didn't get into real specific services.

Q Okay. The interrogatory further states that periodic meetings may also be held at the district level with Store Managers and at the store level with technicians, which may include discussions of policies and procedures.

I believe you were describing, at least to some extent, those meetings to me before; is that right?

A In that I said I went out to district level and held certain training classes.

Q Okay. Do we have a record anywhere of where either the manager of this store attended such a periodic meeting or where training was provided to this store on you've shown me, and we can talk a little more, we'll go more into Mr. Clemons's training, but we've talked about the training. Are there any institutional controls in place at BFRC to ensure that string-only repairs aren't being done at its stores?

A Nothing other than, you know, training the people the proper way to do it, and then, you know, obviously, if someone is ever seen trying to do one improperly, they're stopped.

Q Okay. But again you don't have any knowledge of any specific instance where you know of one being done at a BFRC store; is that right?

A No, I have no knowledge personally of one being done.

Q Have we discussed everything that BFRC was doing in 2005 to make sure that its policies with respect to tire puncture repair were being followed?

A As far as I know personally, yes.

Madison Avenue in Montgomery?

A We'd have to once again look at their particular training history to see what courses any individual had gone to.

Q So the way to look at that would be to look at the records of individuals' training at the store?

A That would be the easiest way to do it, yes.

Q To your knowledge would there be a record somewhere of training provided to the Madison Avenue store?

A That store specifically?

Q Sure.

A As far as entire store, no.

Q Okay. What kind of controls does BFRC have in place so that it would know if one of its stores or one of its technicians were performing string-only repairs?

A I guess I don't fully understand what you're asking.

Q And there may not be any, but

Q Okay. What about as a representative of BFRC?
A Yes.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 11 was marked for identification.)

Q If you don't mind, Mr. Sheridan, I'm going to walk over here. This is my only copy of this.

A Okav.

Q I'm showing you what's marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 11, and this is, I believe, what we've determined today is the training history of Mr. Clemons; is that right?

A Correct.

Q And this is generated when you, I guess, you type his name into the computer, the training history, and this comes up?

A Correct, and pull up his history.

Q Okay. I'm going to start down at

BIRMINGHAM REPORTING SERVICE, INC.

Page 93 to Page 96

ı			9
ĺ	1	the bottom. We have three entries at	
	2	3/21/95, and these appear to be the first	
	¹ ,3	entries for Mr. Clemons; is that right?	
	2 3 4 5	A Correct.	
ı		Q And these are the You Auto Know,	
ı	6	Volumes 1, 2, and 3; is that correct?	
ı	7	A Correct.	
ı	8	Q And that's what we discussed here	
ı	9	today?	
ı	10	A Correct.	
I	11	Q 7/11/96, the next course is CFE	
l	12	Maintenance Tech. What is that?	
ı	13	A That is a The CFE stands for	
ľ	14	Certified for Excellence. It's just our	
ľ	15	training program, and it covers routine	
1	16	maintenance services, and the tech	
1	17	designates he took the technical portion	
1	8	of that book.	
1	9	Q Okay. And the next one is	
2	20	10/28/96. Is that CSDS Self-Study Guide?	•
2	1	A Correct.	
2	2	Q What is that?	
_	_		

99 1 replacement of worn parts. 2 Q Okay. And the next one is 11/17/99, CFE Tire Demount, Mount and 3 Repair. I believe that's what we looked 5 at earlier; is that right? A Correct. 7 Q Okay. The next one is 3/6/01, and 8 that's the e-CSDS Self-Study? 9 A Correct. 10 Q Is that the same thing as the 11 previous --12 A Correct. The e standing for 13 electronic. It's when we changed our 14 computer system over to an electronic 15 system. 16 Q 3/14/2001, Mastercare roll-out? 17 A Correct. 18 Q What is that? 19 A That is just -- It goes over our --20 You know, Firestone stores are considered 21 Mastercare. It's one of our -- It's the

Delivery System. That's the process, if you will, that we use when a vehicle comes to the store itself, how it's processed through the store.

Q Does part of that include what we talked about earlier, how the work orders and invoices are generated?

A That is the Customer Service

A The work orders are generated. Correct.

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

22

23

Q Okay. Then the next one is 5/5/1997, and it's MAP roll-out meeting. What is that?

A That's the Motorist Assurance Program. It's when we joined the Motorist Assurance Program. We had a roll-out meeting to inform all the technicians of the MAP program.

Q And what is Motorist Assurance Program?

A It's a program that's an independent program that any auto repair facility can use, that sets up guidelines, as far as the recommendations for

1 customers.

22

23

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

7 .

Q Okay. 11/18/02, Tire Adjustment Procedures Manual. What is that?

name of our brand, if you will. It's a

type of service that we offer the

A It's just a manual that shows the proper procedures for adjusting one of our brand of tires.

Q Okay. On 6/4/2003 he took Impressions are Forever. What is Impressions are Forever?

A That's another piece of Mastercare.
It was just a roll-out for all our
employees.

Q Okay. 11/3/2003, CFE Tire Care and Maintenance. What is that?

A Correct. At the time that was a standalone self-study module on tire care which talked about pressures and rotations and maintaining tires.

Q Okay. What about 11/3/03 -- Well, several of these are 11/3/03, but the next one on 11/3/03 is Run Flat Certification?

A Correct. That was about the Run Flat tires.

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

15

18

19

20

21

22

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

101 Q Okay. 2 A And tire pressure monitoring ,3 systems. Q Okay. The next one is 11/3/03, 5 CFE, and then it says STR. I guess that's 6 steering, suspension, and alignment? 7 A Correct. 8 Q What is that? 9 A He took the sales portion of the 10 Steering, Suspension, and Alignment, that described steering components, alignment 11 12 components. Q Okay. 11/3/2003, CFE Heating and 13 14 Cooling Sales. Same thing? A Same thing, with heating and 15 16 cooling systems. Q 11/12/03, Starting and Charging. 17 18 Same thing? 19 A Correct Q Okay. Same date, and brakes, 20 11/12/03, Brake Sales. Same thing? 21 22 A Correct. 23 Q Okay. 11/12/03, Manufacturers

1 care of customers' cars to make sure that, 2 you know, we don't, you know, have any 3 issues with, you know, damaging a customer's car or anything like that.

Q Okay. 11/15/2005, Torque Talk?

103

104

A That is on properly torquing lug nuts.

Q Okay. 11/9/06, Beyond Repair. Same thing as it was before?

A He did the same thing. Uh-huh. 10

Q And I said 11/9/06. I was incorrect. That was 1/9/06. On 1/9/06 again, Torque Talk?

14 A Correct.

> Q On 3/29/06, Motorist Assurance Program Cert?

16 17 A Correct.

> Q What's that? I believe we saw something similar down there below --

A That's where he actually did a self-paced study module and took a test on it.

23 Q Okay. What about 4/13/06, LP/LD

102

Scheduled Maintenance. What is that?

A That was talking about the manufacturers scheduled maintenance programs, where the manufacturers recommend certain services be done at certain mileages.

Q Okay. 11/12/2003, Tire Adjustment Procedures Manual?

A That was just an updated or a -where he took, you know, the updated manual of the Tire Adjustment Procedures he had taken earlier.

Q Okay.

A Where we had had some revisions.

Q 9/12/2005, Play it Safe. What is

16 that?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

19

20

1

22

23

A That is just safety in the 17 18 workplace.

Q Okay.

A Self-paced module.

Q Okay. 11/15/05, Beyond Repair.

What is that?

A That is a DVD on, you know, taking

1 Tire Mounting Hands-On? 2

A That one and the one above it, the tire mounting seminar, one is a seminar on mounting low-profile, large-diameter tires. The hands-on portion is where they physically perform the mounting of the low-pressure, or low-profile, excuse me. large-diameter tires.

Q Okay. 7/24/06 he gets Quick Start?

10 A Correct.

> Q And that was -- I believe we said that was a -- Wasn't that for technicians starting out?

A Yes, it is.

Q Why would he be getting that in July of last year?

A For whatever reason, he had not, you know, taken that. I don't remember the exact date on when we first started Quick Start. It may not have been

21 something that was available when he was

22 first hired.

23

Q Okay.

4

5

15

16

17

18

19

20

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

105 1 A And so it was just kind of catch up and, you know, get that program done. 2 Q Okay. And then you have Torque 4 Talk again, 8/21/2006; is that right? 5 A Yes. 6 Q And then 2/20/2007 has Reaffirm 7 Tire Reg Policy; is that right? 8 A Correct. 9 Q And do you know what that is? A That is just reaffirming that we 10 are going to document the tire DOT numbers 11 12 on any new tires that we sell. 13 Q Okav. A That he understood the policy. 14 Q Okay. So that doesn't have 15 anything to do with tire repair? 16 A Not on repair. It's only on new 17 18 tire sales. 19 Q When was this run -- I see the fax at the top, but it's printed 4/20/07. 20 Okay. So this was printed today. 21 22 A Yes, sir. Q And this reflects all the training 23

Birmingham District Office encompasses? 2 A I can give you a rough idea. Q Best judgment. Yeah. A As far as store locations? Q Yeah.

107

108

6 A The stores in the Birmingham area. 7 Montgomery, Dothan, Tuscaloosa,

8 Huntsville, Columbus, Georgia. That's a 9 rough idea. We may have an outlying 10 store, you know, one store in a smaller 11 town, but ---

12 Q Is there somebody that runs that 13 district, that's responsible overall for 14 that district?

> A There's a District Manager for that district, yes.

Q Do you know who that is?

A That's Ken Hall.

Q Ken Hall?

A Uh-huh.

21 Q Are there any -- You're with BFRC 22 Education. Are there any BFRC Education 23 personnel at the district level, or do you

106

1 have to get to zone before there's 2 somebody with that designation?

A Some of the people in the district office, you know, either the District Manager or the Assistant District Manager. could conduct some training classes. We also have, in this district, what we call a District Technical Trainer, who is an individual who is actually a store teammate that works in stores, that would actually help teach some of the technical training classes.

Q Okay. Is there, at BFRC, is there a Safety Division or Safety Department?

A Yes, there is.

Q Okay. And what is the name of that?

A That is the Loss Prevention.

Q Loss Prevention. Okay. And is that at the district and zone levels or --

A At zone level we have a Loss Prevention Manager.

Q Okay. And who is that?

Mr. Clemons has been given by BFRC? 1 A Correct. All formal training, yes. 2 Q Okay. Is there a -- Does BFRC keep 3 a personnel file on its technicians? 4 5 A Yes, it does. Q Okay. And where is that, and who 6 is that kept by in the company? 7 A That should be kept at district 8 9 level, at the district office. 10 Q And tell me district again. Are you -- I think you said you're zone; 11 12 riaht? 13 A I work for the zone. Correct. 14 Q Okay. I'm going to get into the organizational charts I have, but how does 15 that break down from zone to district? 16 17 A In our particular zone, there are 13 district offices across the Southeast. 18 Q Okay. What district office would 19 be over our Madison Avenue store? 20 A That would be the Birmingham 22 District Office.

Q Okay. And do you know what the

22

23

- 1		
	1	A That is Brian Sutton.
	2	Q Okay. And he's in Marietta with
	3	you
	3 4 5	A Correct.
····f	/4 -	
ı		Q at zone headquarters?
ı	6	A Correct.
ı	7	Q Okay. I know you said you report
ľ	8	to Operations
ı	9	A Correct.
ı	10	Q at zone. Is Operations in
ı	11	charge of the whole zone, is or is there
ı	12	somebody that's
l	13	A There's a Zone Vice-President in
	14	charge of the entire zone, if you look at
Ľ	15	the organizational chart.
ľ	16	MR. BRUNER: Okay. Let's take a
1	7	look at that while we're on it.
1	8	
1	9	(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 12
2	20	was marked for identification.)
2	1	,
2	2	Q (BY MR. BRUNER:) We've marked
2	3	this as Plaintiff's Exhibit 12.
1		

ı	i	
	1	looks like R.E. Seagle, Jr.?
1	2	A Correct.
İ	3	Q Does he work out of your office?
ı	4 5	A Yes, he does.
ł	5	Q Okay. And then operation Do you
I	6	know Have you ever seen another chart
ļ	7	there, where it says BFRC 8, See Chart,
Ì	8	underneath?
I	9	A Have I seen another chart there?
l	10	Q I'll show you exactly See on our
ł	11	first page there?
l	12	A Okay.
l	13	Q Where we were, at R.E. Seagle?
i	14	A Correct.
i	15	Q V.P. Southeast Zone?
l	16	A Uh-huh.
	17	Q And then you drop down underneath
	18	that, and it says, See Chart?
	19	A Uh-huh.
	20	Q Hope, I just haven't gotten a
	21	chance to write you a letter. You may
	22	have this. You may be able to provide it,
	23	but I'm just asking him. Is there, to

110 Plaintiff's 12 is two documents, and the first appears to be an organizational 2 3 chart for BFRC; is that right? A Correct. 5 Q And so we see there, at the very top, the Chairman and CEO of Bridgestone 6 Americas Holding. And then beneath him on 7 this chart is L.J., I guess, Magee? 8 9 A Correct. 10 Q Okay. Executive Vice-President of Bridgestone Americas Holding, and Chairman 11 and CEO and President of BFRC; is that 12 13 right? 14 A Correct. Q Okay. And then you follow his line 15 down, and it goes to the various zones; is 16 17 that right? Of BFRC? A it would eventually go down to the 18 various zones at the bottom, yes. 19 20 Q Okay. A Sorry. Q And there you have your Southeast 22 Zone, and you have Southeast Zone V.P., 23

112 1 your knowledge, a chart of the Southeast 2 Zone? 3 A I believe there is. I think I've 4 seen one. I know who the department heads 5 are that go under him. I know that. 6 Q All right. 7 A I'm sure there must be a chart 8 somewhere. 9 Q What does Mr. -- Did you say it was 10 Ken Hall --11 A Uh-huh. 12 Q -- in Loss Prevention? 13 -A No. Ken Hall is the District 14 Manager for the Birmingham District 15 Office. 16 Q Okay. Who did we say was Loss 17 Prevention Manager in the zone? 18 A Brian Sutton. 19 Q Brian Sutton. Okay. My mistake. 20 What, to your understanding, are generally Mr. Sutton's duties? A They have to deal with claims and.

you know, loss prevention, preventing

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

113

1 claims, obviously. 2 Q Okay. A Claims, whether they are, you know, workmen's comp or garage claims. Q Okay. Would he also be the person 5 6 most knowledgeable with respect to 7 lawsuits that have happened? 8 A Personally, I'm not sure. Q Okay. In your role do you ever get 9 10 reports of -- Let's go with complaints 11 first about repairs. 12 A No, I do not. Q Okay. It's not part of your job to 13 14 evaluate? 15 A No, it is not. 16 Q Okay. And would the same be true 17 with respect to lawsuits? 18 A Correct. Q Okay. Do you have any -- And we 19 may have covered this going through, but I 20 want to make sure. Do you have any 21 knowledge of any lawsuits again BFRC for 22 23 tire repair?

that's conducted by our home office, BFRC. in Bloomingdale.

115

116

Q is that stuff they go through before they're made managers or as part of being made managers?

A Yes.

Q And is there a name to that program, or is it a number of programs? What would I specify if I requested that?

A The name of the two-week program is the Store Manager Business Development Workshop.

Q Who would be the Store Manager's direct superior?

A The District Manager.

Q Okay. What's your understanding of the relationship of BFRC to Bridgestone **Americas Holdings?**

A Well, they're our parent company obviously.

Q Okay. Do they provide you, you being BFRC, with any of the materials you use to educate technicians, stores, on

A Personally, I do not.

Q Okay. And it doesn't sound like you necessarily would, if such a lawsuit was made, unless, of course, you're here testifying; is that right?

A Correct.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

23

Q Okay. And so the fact that there were lawsuits, the fact that there were complaints, and the natures of those complaints and lawsuits, are not something used by BFRC Education, at least in the Southeast Zone; is that right?

A That's correct.

Q Do managers go through any special type of training by virtue of being a Store Manager?

A Yes, they do.

Q And what type of training is that?

A They have different administrative trainings that they would go through, teaching them the paperwork. Then they will also go through a two-week Store Manager Business Development Workshop 1 tire puncture repair?

> A It's my understanding all our tire puncture repair materials come from our department in the RMA, based on RMA. And I say our department. BFRC Education Department.

Q Okay. So BFRC basically uses what the RMA puts out?

A Correct.

10 Q And for clarification, RMA is the 11 Rubber Manufacturers Association; is that 12 correct? 13

A Correct.

Q Of which I believe Bridgestone Americas Holdings is a member, is it not?

16 A Correct.

Q Are there any other -- And there's another one. I can't remember what it's called. But are there any other professional organizations of which Bridgestone Americas Holdings or BFRC are

members of? 22 23

A I personally do not know.

Q Okay. In the course of your job, do you interact on a regular basis with any personnel from Bridgestone Americas Holdings?

A No. I say that. It would be rarely. I may see somebody and say hello, but I do not interact as far as discussions with them, no.

Q Okay. What about Bridgestone Firestone North American Tire?

A Here again, other than possibly seeing somebody in a meeting and saying hello, no.

Q Okay. Do you or anybody in your office subscribe to or get any trade or professional journals?

A Yes, I have seen some around the office. Yes.

Q And what are those?

A I think the one that I most commonly see, I believe the name of it is *Tire Business*. I receive *Motor Age*.

Q And I believe you testified earlier that RMA policies and procedures were the source of BFRC's policies and procedures?

A Correct.

Q I'm showing you what's been marked as Plaintiff's 13. Do you recognize that as an RMA wall chart?

A Yes, I do.

Q Okay. And do you agree with me that that describes the correct procedure for tire puncture repair? And take all the time you need.

A Yes. There's two small discrepancies. One, on our procedure, they are -- RMA is showing on Step 4 actually using what appears to be either an electric or air-operated drill to ream the tire with. We have a manual tire reamer.

20 Q Okay. 21 A I mear

A I mean, it's a small point there.

Q Okay.

23 A And the procedure shown appears to

(Whereupon, a brief recess was taken.)

Q Mr. Sheridan, have y'all, has BFRC ever done any studies of the effectiveness of the training that it provides?

A I am personally not aware of any.

Q Okay. And as BFRC's representative are you aware of any?

A Nothing other than, you know, test scores on tests that we've given.

Q Okay.

A That kind of verification.

Q And I said studies that BFRC has done. Do you know of any that have been done of BFRC's training by anybody else?

A None that I know of.

Q Okay. Are you familiar with the RMA wall chart?

A Yes, I am.

(Whereupon, Plaintiff's Exhibit 13 was marked for identification.)

be a patch-plug-type procedure that
 they're showing. But other than that, the
 same procedure would almost follow with

same procedure would almost follow with using a filler and patch.

Q Okay. So they're showing one of the two options that we --

A Correct.

Q That you testified earlier were appropriate; is that right?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And I believe I've seen some Firestone adaptations of this chart in the materials provided. Have you seen those?

A Correct. Yes.

Q Okay. And generally those are the same, albeit some small differences, those are the same procedures?

A Yes.

Q Okay. And again that's the industry standard in tire puncture repair?

A Yes, it is.

Q I don't think I have anything else. Thank you for your time today.

BIRMINGHAM REPORTING SERVICE, INC.

Page 117 to Page 120

STATE OF ALABAMA)
JEFFERSON COUNTY)

 I hereby certify that the above and foregoing deposition was taken down by me in stenotype, and the questions and answers thereto were transcribed by means of computer-aided transcription, and that the foregoing represents a true and correct transcript of the testimony given by said witness upon said hearing.

I further certify that I am neither of counsel, nor of kin to the parties to the action, nor am I in any wise interested in the result of said cause.

JULIE A. CARROLL

BIRMINGHAM REPORTING SERVICE, INC.

EXHIBIT D



One Federal Place
1819 Firth Avenue North
Rirmingham, Al 35203-2118
205.321.8000 FAX 205.321.8400
Www.Bradleyarant.com

Hope T. Cannon

Direct Dial; (205) 521-8722 Direct Fax: (205) 488-6722 heannon@bradleyarant.com

May 11, 2007

VIA FACSIMILE AND U.S. MAIL

Robert P. Bruner, Esq. Lanny Vines & Associates, LLC 2142 Highland Avenue South Birmingham, AL 35205-4002

RE: L. Joe Pitts, as administrator of the Estate of Sandra Ann Spence Pitts, deceased v. Bridgestone Americas Holding, Inc., et al.

In the United States District Court for the Middle District of Alabama, Northern

Division, Case No. 2:06cv1008-ID-SRW

Dear Bo:

Please accept this letter as BFRC's reply to the discovery matters raised in your April 27, 2007, letter. While we do not agree with all of your positions, we offer the following compromise:

1. Personnel Files

With respect to documents containing information about BFRC personnel, you seek the production of personnel files for Mr. Clemons and Mr. Young, as well as documents identifying employees who were working in the subject store on February 26 and December 15, 2005.

At the outset, BFRC notes that its employees have a privacy interest vis a vis third-parties in the contents of their personnel files, which can contain confidential medical, insurance and other personal information. BFRC and its employees both have legally-recognized interests in preserving the confidentiality of this sensitive information. Moreover, such information is only discoverable where relevant, and may be protected under Rule 26(c) where necessary. BFRC protects its employees' privacy rights in this regard and produces information from personnel files only upon the entry of an appropriate protective order.

BFRC, however, will produce the personnel file of Mr. Clemons. Mr. Clemons, as you know, is the technician who worked on the left rear tire that was on the subject vehicle on February 26, 2005. As such, BFRC recognizes that information contained in Mr. Clemons' personnel file could have some relevance in this matter. BFRC will produce Mr. Clemons' personnel file pursuant to the entry of an appropriate protective order. I will forward a proposed order to you shortly for your review.

Robert P. Bruner, Esq. May 11, 2007 Page 2

BFRC does not believe that information from Mr. Young's personnel file is relevant. Mr. Young, as you know, did not perform any tire repairs for the subject vehicle. Thus, it is unclear how information about Mr. Young's training and past job performance could be relevant to your client's claims in this case. Thus, given the privacy interests involved, BFRC believes that it would be inappropriate at this time to unnecessarily invade Mr. Young's privacy by producing the contents of his personnel file. However, if you can state why you feel such information is relevant to your client's claims in this case, we can re-consider your request.

You have also requested "all documents" which identify BFRC employees who were working in the subject store on February 26, 2005, and December 15, 2005. As set forth in BFRC's Response to Request for Production 5, this request is overly-broad. However, in the spirit of cooperation, BFRC will produce a copy of a time report for the date of February 26, 2005, which shows all the employees who were working on that day as well as the times when they clocked in to work and clocked out of work. Since the December 15, 2005, date is not the date of the alleged subject repair, we are not sure how documents relating to employees present at the store on that date could be relevant.

2. <u>Claims and Lawsuit Information</u>

You have also requested that BFRC produce "any and all" documents evidencing lawsuits from 2000 to 2005, for all stores, involving negligent or wanton tire repair, as well as "all complaints of any type or nature concerning any alleged improper tire repair." See, e.g. Requests for Production 10, 11. You note in your letter that BFRC's objections and responses and your position with respect to claims and lawsuits are essentially the same. Thus, they will be treated together here.

First, BFRC notes that the subject store experienced no lawsuits regarding puncture repairs during the responsive timeframe. See BFRC's Answer to Interrogatory 10. Thus, there is no lawsuit information for BFRC to produce with respect to the subject store. To the extent you seek claims and lawsuit data related to stores other than the subject store, your sweep is overly-broad and would require an unduly burdensome search. BFRC owns over 2,000 stores nationwide, each of which could potentially maintain documents related to "complaints" by customers about tire repairs. Given the absence of lawsuits regarding puncture repairs filed against the subject store, the burden of searching each of the over 2,000 other stores would greatly outweigh any possible benefit.

Second, the repair at issue here was made allegedly in the subject store, not any other stores. It is unclear how repairs made by other technicians at other stores are relevant to the repair allegedly made at the subject store and the alleged subsequent failure of the subject tire. Thus, we do not believe that claims and lawsuit information related to stores other than the subject store are relevant here and maintain our objections.

We disagree with your reliance on APJI Civil 11.18. That pattern jury instruction does not define the scope of discovery in this case. It is clear that a damages award based even in part upon a jury's desire to punish a defendant for "wrongs" inflicted on parties not before the court would amount to an unconstitutional taking without due process. See, e.g. Philip Morris USA v. Williams, — U.S. —, 127 S.Ct. 1057 (2007). Thus, your suggestion that

Robert P. Bruner, Esq. May 11, 2007 Page 3

Third, your suggestion, that claims and lawsuits against other stores may show BFRC's "notice of negligent/wanton tire repairs taking place at their stores," is entirely speculative. As BFRC explained in its responses, it does not organize its files by type of claim. Thus, to even begin to respond to your requests BFRC would be required to conduct a file-by-file examination to determine if there have been any claims or lawsuits of the types you seek. Given that the existence of other claims or lawsuits, if there are any, is irrelevant to damages and is speculative at best, it would present an undue burden for BFRC to conduct the costly search your requests would require.

We hope this letter addresses the discovery matters outlined in your April 27, letter. However, please feel free to contact me at your earliest convenience to discuss any questions or concerns you may still have.

Sincerely,

Hope T. Cannon

Hope T. Cannon/cja

damages in this case somehow hinge upon "wrongs" you believe BFRC may have committed elsewhere is misplaced.

EXHIBIT E



& ASSOCIATES, LLC
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Bo Bruner
Direct: (205) 930-6983
Facsimile: (205) 933-1272
Email:bbruner@lannyvines.com

April 27, 2007

VIA FACSIMILE ONLY

Hope T. Cannon, Esq. One Federal Place 1819 Fifth Avenue North Birmingham, AL 35203-2104

RE: L. Joe Pitts, as Administrator of the Estate of Sandra Ann Pitts vs. Firestone Tire & Service Centers, et al.

Dear Hope:

During the deposition last Friday you told me that I could expect to receive a letter from you requesting dates for the depositions of the plaintiff and his two sons. I have yet to receive any such letter but I have conferred with my clients and they can be available May 25, 29, 30 or 31. Prior to that Gregory Pitts will still be in school. We will make all three available at our office starting at 9:00 a.m. on the day of your choosing. Please let me know what dates work for you as soon as possible.

There are a number of depositions which we need to take and which I am requesting your assistance in setting up. Obviously we plan on taking Pete Clemmons deposition as soon as possible. It was clear from Mr. Gardner's interpretation of the service records at his deposition that Mr. Clemmons performed substantially all of the relevant work on Sandra Pitts' vehicle.

Along with Mr. Clemmons we plan on deposing the technician K. Young. Mr./Ms. Young is shown to have done work on Sandra's vehicle at the same visit during which Mr. Clemmons repaired the subject vehicle's left rear tire and is a possible witness to the repair.

We also need to depose the individual who was manager of the store during 2005. During his deposition Mr. Gardner indicated that this was an individual named Butch but he did not know Butch's last name.

We also need to take BRFC's loss prevention manager for the Southeast zone. We believe this individual is likely the person responsive to our 30(b)(6) deposition notice as it pertains to previous claims and lawsuits (see below) but even if you do not so designate him, we wish to take his deposition as an individual.

With respect to these four individuals, it would be easier for all involved if we have your assistance in making them available on dates mutually convenient to all concerned. If I have not heard from you in this regard within seven (7) days, on or before May 4, 2007, I will go ahead and subpoena their depositions for the near future.

With regard to our previously served interrogatories, document requests and deposition notice, I write to set forth our disagreements with your objections and failure to produce certain testimony and materials responsive to same.

BFRC responded to Plaintiff's Request for Production No. 10 as follows:

10. Please produce any and all documents evidencing any lawsuits against you for damages which were allegedly caused by negligent/wonton tire puncture repairs done during the years 2000 through 2005.

RESPONSE: BFRC objects to this request on the grounds that it is vague, overly broad, unduly burdensome and seeks information that is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. BFRC further objects to this request on the grounds that Plaintiff seek information regarding other incidents without regard for the similarity or dissimilarity of the circumstances involved. BFRC also objects to this request to the extent it seeks information protected from discovery as attorney-client communications and/or attorney work product. As phrased, this request is broad enough to include communications, notes and memoranda created by or at the direction of counsel. Without waiving these objections, BFRC refers Plaintiff to its response to Interrogatory No. 9 above.

BFRC Inc., in its response to Plaintiff's Interrogatory No. 9 states as follows:

9. Identify any and all lawsuits filed against BFRC making claims for damages of any type allegedly caused by negligent/wanton tire repair arising out of any repair done by **you** during the years 2000 to 2005.

RESPONSE: BFRC objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that it is vague, overly broad, unduly burdensome and seeks information that is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. BFRC further objects to this interrogatory on the grounds that Plaintiff seek information regarding other incidents without regard for the similarity or dissimilarity of the circumstances involved. Without waving these objections, BFRC states that from time to time it receives lawsuits regarding products and services. However, BFRC does



not file or separate lawsuits by type of allegation. Therefore, BFRC would have to conduct an unreasonably burdensome file-by-file search to identify all lawsuits based on allegation of "negligent/wanton tire repair" filed between 2000 and 2005.

BFRC objected on similar grounds to producing an individual knowledgeable about and prepared to testify concerning responsive lawsuits.

TOPIC NO. 4: Testimony concerning any and all lawsuits filed against BFRC making claims for damages of any type allegedly caused by negligent/wonton tire repair done by BFRC during the years 2000 through 2005.

RESPONSE: BFRC objects to this topic on the grounds that it is vague, overly broad, unduly burdensome and seeks information that is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. BFRC further objects to this topic on the grounds that plaintiff seeks information regarding other incidents without regard for the similarity or dissimilarity of the circumstances involved. Without waiving these objections, BFRC states that from time to time it receives lawsuits regarding products and services. However, BFRC does not file or separate lawsuits by type of allegation. Therefore, BFRC would have to conduct an unreasonably burdensome file-by-file search to identify all lawsuits based on allegations of "negligent/wanton tire repair" filed between 2000 and 20005. Consequently, BFRC will not produce a witness regarding this topic. BFRC also refers plaintiff to its response to Topic No. 5 below.

BFRC's objections as to relevance are clearly inapplicable and inappropriate. It cannot reasonably be disputed that the existence of previous lawsuits concerning negligent/wanton tire repairs done by BFRC and BFRC's knowledge of the same is directly relevant to the "amount of wrongdoing on the part of the defendants." (APJI CIVIL 11.18) As you know damages in an Alabama wrongful death case are "directly related to the culpability of the defendants and necessity of preventing similar wrongs in the future." (Id.) There is no more probative evidence of the defendants' culpability in this matter then that which concerns their notice of negligent/wanton tire repairs taking place at their stores and the measures taken to address such problems and prevent future harm to their customers including Sandra Pitts.

With regard to BFRC's objections that this request seeks privileged material we do not argue for production of any material which is truly protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege or attorney work product.



With regard to BFRC's objections as to the burdensomeness of this request, this argument is misplaced. Given that this evidence is of such direct and unquestionable probative value to plaintiff's wrongful death claim, it is unfair for plaintiff to be prejudiced by the manner in which BFRC and/or the other defendants have chosen to keep records. Nevertheless, plaintiff is willing to make reasonable accommodations so as to lessen the burden and expense to the defendants in making such materials available. I will welcome a proposal from you in this regard. In any event by this letter we are requesting these materials and testimony be produced.

With regard to plaintiff's similar discovery request regarding consumer complaints defendant's objections and our position are substantially the same. (See plaintiff's Request for Production No. 11 and BFRC's response thereto, plaintiff's Interrogatory No. 11 and BFRC's response thereto and plaintiff's 30(b)(6) deposition notice No. 6 and BFRC's response thereto). Therefore, we likewise request defendants produce materials and testimony concerning these matters.

BFRC responded to plaintiff's Request for Production No. 5 as follows:

5. Please produce any and all documents identifying employees who were working at The Subject Store on February 26, 2005 and December 15, 2005.

RESPONSE: BFRC objects to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad and seeks information that is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Without waiving these objections, BFRC states that P. Clemons performed tire work for Sandra Pitts on February 26, 2005 and December 15, 2005 and K. Young performed other mechanical work on the vehicle, as indicated on the invoices which will be produced.

It is difficult to understand how this material is not relevant let alone discoverable. Unquestionably every individual who was at the store on the days that Sandra Pitts's vehicle was serviced is a potential witness in this matter. As to the objection that the request is burdensome, Mr. Gardner stated clearly that there are documents in possession of the defendants (including time cards) that would identify these individuals. This issue warrants no further argument.

Plaintiff requested personnel files for Mr. Clemons and Mr. Young and BFRC responded as follows:

8. Please produce any and all employment records for the individuals who are identified in the materials attached hereto as Exhibit A as "K. YOUNG" and "P. CLEMONS".



RESPONSE: BFRC objects to this request on the grounds that it is overly broad and seeks information that is irrelevant and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. BFRC also objects to this request as unnecessarily invading the privacy of its employees.

As was clearly established at Mr. Gardner's deposition Mr. Young and Mr. Clemons are the only technicians identified as having worked on Sandra Pitts's vehicle while it was being serviced at the Madison Avenue Store. Clearly the employment histories of these individuals are discoverable in this matter as those histories may bear on BFRC's knowledge of the competence of said employees to safely repair their customer's tires. Plaintiff is willing to enter into a reasonable agreement providing for confidentiality of personal information contained in these records. Defendants have requested, and plaintiff has not objected to their requests for, confidential medical information concerning Sandra Pitts's children. Fairness dictates that her estate be allowed discovery of the even more relevant information contained in defendants' personnel files. As Mr. Gardner stated these personnel files are easily obtained from the district office. We request they be produced without any further delay.

With respect to the outstanding discovery outlined above this letter will serve as our attempt pursuant to FRCP Rule 37 to informally resolve these disputes. If we have no response from you within fourteen (14) days, i.e. on or before May 11, 2007, we will be forced to file a motion to compel.

Finally, you will find enclosed Plaintiff's Third Interrogatories to BFRC, Plaintiff's First Request for Admissions to BFRC and Plaintiff's Second Request for Production to BFRC. If you have any questions concerning these please do not hesitate to contact me.

RPB/cbm Enclosures

cc: Lanny S. Vines
Brittin T. Coleman, Esq.
Kenneth M. Perry, Esq.

